TH-CAROLINA. nan, from Fayette ster, Mass., to Adsand ice. Bates from Charles. , Me., to Geo. Harief, Woglam, from , to Geo. Harriss ; teville, to E. J. Lutmith, from Charles. Boston, to DeRos. York, to DeRosset

from Fayetteville, to

terett, from Charles-Bates, from Charles-

anderbilt, Sterett. retteville, by T. C. bern, by Chadbourn York, by Geo. Har-rosin, 1474 do. tur-bales cotton, 15 do. Creek, by J. Banks mes Cassidey in tow or Baracoa, by J. R. yetteville, by A. D. by J. Hathaway & for Fayetteville, by ew Orleans, by J. & k, by DeRosset & turpentine, 282 do. cotton yarns, 1 hhd. and I cask mdre. Smith, for Charlesrbilt, Sterett, for

urpentine is in good at \$3 121 per bbl. es-We note a conres—We note a con-y light stock of Spi-re note further sales 280 lb., while in the holders are asking sales of importance - some 350 bbls. No. \$2 a \$2 75 per 280 The stock of Spirits of any consequence scarce, with small nd and 6 mos. In g. Sales of 1,000

on, by Elllis, Rus-ales cotton, 30 bales turpentine, 1 h hd...

narkets depressed.
e enquiry with an
t changed since the
ton is fully \$\frac{1}{2}\$ circ.
g 5 1-16d; fair Uprect: 56,000 bales—
lour.—Western ea;; white 32s. Proto 18s. 6d. Cone selling at 40s. nks to his coun-

attronage they have attronage they have attoin to business to e call and examine art of the following y, Whiskey, Rum, y, whiskey, acan-inger, Soap, Can-Yarns, Teas, and n. Call at the old lina Hotel. S. C. CRAFT. bles, I am the day, Princess and Third

and very conveni-are built of brick, tirely FIRE-PROOF. structed; and in evrovers,) a large and shelter them well constantly for hire. ny country, and I atisfaction to those lic for their liberal ontinuance of their H. R. NIXON.

Arriage
NEALE,
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spectfully informs
all work in the stantial and nea xecute all Smith to repair Drays, business for seve-hat he has given tention to his bu-tronage. hoe, sent by seren order. or they IN H. LANE.

een Front and alarge GES of sale on the mos call and examand in the neata-WATCH-scriptions, rolina Ho-

eship under the pare no pains to action to all who

CONSTANTLY & Co., Cooper, other makers; dials, Gold Du-Levers and Les. Ladies Gold es, Ladies Gold Seal and Keys, d Pins in sets, d, do. do., Em-d Gold Breast Cases, Gold and we Buttons, &c. riety of plated German Silver superior article ands for sale, iner. And a fine endid article.can be bought 40-1d-7-tf o January 1st.

ady, and a set-RS, Hatter. ior Mononga-Apple Bran-French Bran-for sale cheap, McINNIS. For sale by McINNIS. McINNIS. Inville White me, &c. For OOD, and Builders. No. 111. For McINNIS.

BY FULTON & PRICE, PROPRIETORS. JAS. FULTON, Editor ... A. L. PRICE, Associate Editor

One year, in advance, or within three months, \$2 50 When payment is delayed over three months, 3 00

ixth copy gratis, for one year. xth copy graus, for one year.
Money may be remitted per mail, at our risk.
All letters on business connected with this office; must be
ldressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

Professional and Business Cards.

SAMUEL J. PERSON,
TTORNEY AT LAW, Wilmington, N. C.
Office on Princess Street, nearly opposite the Journal
[28-17] A TTORNEY AT LAW, Wilmington, N. C.
Office on corner of Front and Princess streets, under
Journal office.

A TTORNEY AT LAW, Duplin County, N. C., will attend the Courts of Duplin, Sampson, and Onslow Counties, and attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

[June 27]

42-1y

A. J. & T. J. JONES,

CENERAL Agents, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Jan. 31, 1852

JOSEPH L. KEEN. CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to take contracts in his line of business. He also keeps constantly on hand Lime, Plaster, Plastering Hair, and Fire Brick, of the best quality,

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 30, 1852 WILLIAM S. READ,

HOUSE, SHIP, AND SIGN PAINTER, AND PAPER
HANGER, near the Rock Spring, Wilmington, N. C., is
prepared at all times to execute any business in his line, in
a neat and workmanlike manner.

January 30, 1892

M. McINNIS,

CROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, North

Water Street, Wilmington, N. C., keeps constantly on
hand a full supply of Groceries, Wines and Liquors, and attends to the sale of all kinds of produce, forwarding goods,

[March 11—27]

WILKINSON & ESLER,

CASH Dealers in Confectionary, Fruit, Nuts, Toys,
Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Tobacco. Segars, &c. &c.,
Wholesale and Retail, Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

C. MYERS,

MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, and Walking Canes, of every description, wholesale and retail, North side Market-street, Wilmington, N. C.

J. M. ROBINSON,

IMPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves,

Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wilmington, N. C. NOTICE TO MY COUNTRY FRIENDS.

HAVING located myself in Wilmington for the purpose of doing an Agency Business, persons wishing to save time and a great deal of trouble, will send their produce to the care of W. M. Monroe, and the returns will be forward-off forthwith le care of W. M. Monroe.

I forthwith.

**POffice in Washington Bar.

Wilmington, Sept. 10, 1851

W. M. MONROE.

3-12m

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT, WILLIAM H. LIPPITT,
WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in
Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds,
Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and
Market-streets, immediately opposite Shaw's old stand, Wilmington, N. C. 5

A. B. EVERIETT,

DUTCHER, Wilmington, N. C., will pay the highest cash prices for Beef, Mutton, Lamb, and other live Stock suitable for the Butchering business.

Persons bringing to market such articles, will find it to their advantage to call on him before selling.

The citizens of Wilmington are requested to visit Stalls Nos. 10 and 12 when they attend market, as the best of the above mats may always be found for sale at these Stalls, on as low, if not lower, terms than any of the others in market.

April 18, 1851

32-tf

WEST & HEWLETT,
A UCTIONEERS, Commission Merchants and Genoral Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

A CUTION E ELECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

Wilmington Journa No subscription received for a less term than one year. No subscription permitted to discontinue his paper after the commencement of a subscription, till the expiration of said year. Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the above terms. 83" Any person sending us five new subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive the given one year.

VOL. 8. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1852. NO. 31.

General Notices.

More Valuable Town Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale in the southeastern part of the town, a valuable lot 330 feet long, 68 feet wide; has a well of excellent water, good Stables, sow house and eart house. The dwelling is 24 by 14 feet, with two neat little rooms and a fire place; attached to the House, a cook room. As it is probable no person would parekase without looking at the premises, a further description is unnecessary; suffee it to say that those who wish to make an investment of their money, would do well to call and examine the premises. There is land enough on which could be erected four or five more cottages that would pay well in rents. This property of the purchase money to be paid in eash, the balance in three equal installments of six, twelve and eighteen months, with notes and securities negotiable and payable at Bank, with interest.

If not disposed of previous to Tuesday of our next County in the county of the property is a substant of the property in the county of the purchase money to be paid in eash, the balance in three equal installments of six, twelve and eighteen months, with interest.

If not disposed of previous to Tuesday of our next County of the property is the taxes due thereon for the year 1850, and cost of advertising:

No. of Town lots and Acres of Land.

Town lots are much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the taxes due thereon for the year 1850, and cost of advertising:

No. of Town lots and Acres of Land.

It town lot thereon for the year 1850, and cost of advertising:

No. of Town lots and Acres of Land.

It was not the following terms: one fourth of the probable of the probable of the payable at Bank, with interest.

If not disposed of previous to Tuesday of our next County of the probable of the probable of the payable at Bank, with interest.

EDWARD CANTWELL,
Market-st., Wilmington, N. C.,
TTORNEY at Law, will give prompt attention to all
A business entrusted to his care.

CORNELUS Duprie,
Wildlesale and Retail Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, V. Chemicals, Paints, Oil, Dys Stuffs, Glass, Perfumers, Crogars, Old Lagours, Fancy Articles, 4c., March 19, persons.

DESSUP & MOORE,
Fifth and 23 Commerce street, Philadelphia.
Book, News, Hardware and Manilla Paper made to order. Rags bought in large or small quantities at all times, and the highest market price paid.
March 26th. 1852

GILLESPIE, ROTHWELL & MeAUSLAN, GILLESPIE, ROTHWELL & MeAUSLAN, March 26th. 1852

DEALERS in Staple Dry Goods and Groceries, North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

29-1y

The company of the presentation of the presents of th

New Goods at Elizabethtown, Bladen county, N. C. 1 New Goods at Elizabethtown, Bladen county, N. C.

J. M. WOOTEN & Co., are just receiving from New York,
J. a large and carefully selected stock of Goods, consisting
in part, of Boots and Shoes; Hats, Caps and Bonnets; Hardware, Hollow-ware and Crockery ware; Staple and Fancy
Dry Goods; Ready-made Clothing of all patterns; Paints,
Oils and Dye-stuffe; Groceries of all kinds; Saddlery, &c.
&c.; which will b. old cheap, or barted fairly for Country produce. Determined not to be out-done in honorable competition with other firms and desirous of maintaining and extending our mercantile opperations, we tender our thanks to our
old and regular customers for their patronage hertofore, and
take this method of inviting all to call and examine our
stock before buying elsewhere.

Cash paid for Turpentine.

March 23rd, 1852
Fayetteville Observer copy weekly tf.

M. McINNIS,

CIROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, North
Water Street, Wilmington, N. C., keeps constantly on
hand a full supply of Groceries, Wines and Liquors, and attends to the sale of all kinds of produce, forwarding goods,
&c.

WILLIAM A. GWYER,

CENERAL Agent, Forwarding & Commission Meram prepared to give all business entrusted to me, efficient
and personal attention. I have a wharf for Naval Stores,
with ample accommodations, Spirit House, and Warehouse.
Consignments of Naval Stores for sale or shipment, and all
kinds of country produce solicited. Cash advances made on
consignments.

N. C. June 6, 1851

March 19, 1852

5,531 ACRES PINE LAND,
FOR SALE NEAR THE SEABOARD OF GEORGIA,
in the county of Glynn, and lying for several miles along
the Brunswick and Alatahnma Canal, (now in process of completion,) the outlets of which being North on the Alatahnma
River opposite Darien, and South on Turtle river at Brunswick, and within a short distance of navigable water on Turthe River, a little above Brunswick. These lands being in
one body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and having great facilities for wamore body, well timbered, and prepared to give and prepared

C PARSLEY, Esq., President Commercial Bank—Wilmington. N. C.

WM. C. HOWARD.

WM. N. PEDEN.

WM. N. PEDEN.

CROCERS, Ship Chandlers, and Commission Mercy of chants, South Water Street, Wilmington, N. C., will make liberal cash advances on all consignments of produce to them in Wilmington, or to Peter Van Ness & Co., New York.

O. & G. HOLMES,

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Domestic Corner of Water and Princess Streets, Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 14, 1851

WILKINSON & ESLER,

CASH Dealers in Confectionary, Fruit, Nuts, Toys, Fancy Articles. Perfumery. Tobacco. Segars, &c. &c., Corner of Corn

WE take pleasure in informing our friends and the public in general, that we are prepared to give all business entrusted to us, efficient and personal attention. We have a wharf for Naval Stores, with ample accommodations; Spirit house and Warehouse. Consignments of Naval Stores for sale or shipment, and all kinds of country produce solicited. Liberal CASH advances made on consignments.

Jan. 31, 1852

124-5t—22-3m

THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several large establishments at the North, which will furnish him with an unlimited supply of finished or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and

General Notices.

do. do. do. do. John Blaney,
do. John Blaney,
do Mary Burnett,
do. Charles Barr,
do. J. W. Brantly, On Market street,
In Wilmington,
On the Sound,
In Wilmington,
do.
do.
do.
do.
do.
do.
do.

on the Railroad 1 do. William King,
1 do. E. T. Love,
300 acres Mrs. M. H. Lippitt,
1 town lot Nimmy Martin,
1 do. D. M. Millan,
1 do. L. H. Marsteller, }
for John Buford,
1 do. N. S. McEachern,
1 do. D. McMillan, for }
A. G. Hall,

do. do. ocky Point Dis A. G. Hall,

1 do. Patience Nuisance
150 acres Drury Orrell,
1 town lot David B. Piver, S R. Robbins,
Peter Smith,
F. Sullivan,
S anton Spooner,
do. for M. Melto do. do. for M. Melton,
Thos. Stokely,
Henry Sampson,
do. Ann Sellers,
do. Oris Spicer,
do. Thos. Southmayd,
C. Tinken,
do. C. Tinken,
do. Henry Sampson,
do. Oris Spicer,
Thos. Southmayd,
C. Tinken,
do. W. A. Walker,
do. W. A. Walker,
do. John Williams,
do. John Williams,
do. Wm. Wilson,
do. Go acres James D. Armstrong,
James D. Armstrong,
James Holland,
Harriet Humphry,
Joseph Skipper,
Joseph Sk

279 do. Joseph Skipper,
100 do. James A. Ward,
50 acres Solomon Cumbo,
450 do. M. W. Campbell,
900 do. Lucien Holmes,
450 do. Thomas J. Joiner,
480 do. Sam'l S. Mints,
450 do. Sam'l S. Mints,
450 do. Daniel Anderson,
450 do. Ezekiel Beasley,
370 do. Jacob Casteen,
Edge Casteen,
Eliza Cofield,
683 do. Wm. Farrior,

683 do. Wm. Farrior,
1000 do. Lott Williams,
160 do. John B. Herring,
70 do. Heirs of Watters,

To Country Customers.

He would inform country customers that he is prepared to furnish them with all materials in his line, at New York cost and charges, and also with hands at the most moderate rates. He respectfully solicits a call, being determined to use every exertion to give satisfaction to those who may faver him with their patronage

January 30, 1852

M. McINNIS.

CROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, North

March 19, 1852

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having duly qualified as administrator on the estate of Jonah C. McFarlane, dec'd., at March Term 1852, of New Hanover Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by act of assembly otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

March 19, 1852

MILES COSTIN,

COMMISSION Merchant,

REFERS TO

E. P. HALL, Esq., President Branch Bank of the State;
Thos. H. Wright, Esq., President Bank of Cape Fear; O.

C PARSLEY, Esq., President Commercial Bank—Wilming-ton, N. C.

Darien, reb. 18, 1852

Z1-Zm

A VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

The Lot is 66, by 165 feet; the louse is 30 by 49 feet, and has four Rooms on the first and two on the second floors, with a fire place in each room; it has also a pantry and kitchen attached; a negro house and well of first rate water in the ward and an availant model.

March 11, 1852

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have this day formed a Co-partnership under the style of A. J. & T. J. JONES, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission, Forwarding and Agency Business; and have taken the place lately occupied by Messrs. Gause & Bowden, where they will be happy to attend to all business entrusted to their care.

A. J. JONES,

T. J. JONES.

WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD.

every other article in the line of the business, at reasonable

rates.

SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, executed as well as can be done either North or South.

The best of reference can be given if required.
Feb. 13, 1852—23-tf]

JAMES McCLARANAN.

ROCK SPRING HOTEL.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has taken the ROCK SPRING HOTEL, formerly kept by Mr Alfred Alderman, having it repainted and refitted throughout, he is prepared to received BOARDERS by the day, week or month, on as low terms as can be had at any other hotel in the place.—And he solicits a share of public patronage.

THOS. W. PLAYER.

Oct. 7th, 1861 ROCK SPRING HOTEL.

A set of the National Section 19 of the Section

portunity.

Board can be obtained in the neighborhood from 5 to 7 dol-

ars per month.

This Institution is to keep clear of all sectarian opinions
J. D. POWERS, Pres. Board Trustees.

March 26, 1862

29-tf

Second class of same, including losophy.

Higher classes of English Science, including first class in Algebra, Latin and Greek,
Second class of same, with lectures on the most

per month. Board may be obtained for at least intry pupils.

Should the School require an Assistant, a competent Female will be employed to take charge of the Female department.

N. N. NIXON,

President of the Board of Trustees.

Topsail Academy, Sept. 16, 1851.

9-1wd-wtf
P. S.—It is desirable, that as many pupils should be present at the commencement as can conveniently be.

THAT POLISH, HOW IT SHINES!

10,000 Boxes Sold Within the last Nine Monts.

A. J. WOODWARD returns his thanks to the publi for A. the unprecedented encouragement he has met wih in the manufacture and sale of his celebrated Polish, and at the same time wishes it understood that he always keeps asupply on hand for wholesale or retail.

Experience has proved that this Polish is unsurpasse for quickness in putting a gloss on boots and shoes, and als in preserving the leather.

Persons wishing to oil their boots can use this Polish rith equal success immediately afterwards; the leather should be rubbed as soon as the Polish can be found at the Drug Store of C. Du'lee, Market street.

Market street.

Particles And Medicines, Paints, Uils, &C.

CHEMICALS—Fresh arrivals of the following: 100 oz.

CHEMICALS—Fresh arrivals of the following: 100 oz.

Sulphate Quinine, 5 bbls. Epsom Salts, 5 lbs. pure Sulphate Morphine, 4 oz. Acetate Morphine, 10 lbs. Blue Mass, 15 lbs. English Calomel, 6 oz.

Peperine, 5 gals. Spirits Nitre, 2 oz. Oil Tobacco, 5 lbs.

Hyd. Patassa, (English.), 2 lbs. Iodine, 2 lbs. Iodine Arsonic, 10 lbs. Chloroform, 1 oz. Iodine Copper, 1 oz. Valerinate of Iron, 5 lbs. Phosphate Soda, 20 lbs. Sugar Lead, pure, 4 oz. Acetate Morphine, 4 oz. Acetate Morphine, 4 oz. Acetate Morphine, 6 oz. Acetate Mor

improved in the manufacture of his heretorore unsurpling in proved in the manufacture of his heretorore unsurpling in proved in the manufacture of his heretorore unsurpling in price so as to successfully compete with Northern.

He is now manufacturing them in large quantities with a view of supplying the trade, and would be thankel for orders for any quantity.

Address L. Wood, or J. M. Robinson, who is my ligent in Wilmington.

Dec. 19, 1851

THE subscribers respectfully inform the inhabitants of Onslow, their customers and friends, that they have opened a store at Richlands, where may be had the cheapest and best selected stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goodst that has ever been imported in this or any other place. Als, an elegant assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, of the latest fashions and superior workmanship. BOOTS, SHOES, in the stock of the latest fashions and superior workmanship. BOOTS, SHOES, and the stock of the stock of the stock of the latest fashions and superior workmanship. BOOTS, SHOES, and the stock of the stock of the stock of the stock of the latest fashions and superior workmanship. BOOTS, SHOES, and the stock of the stock o

We have seldom seen anything of the kind as pretty as the following:—Louisville Journal. To Miss M. E. C.—"LA PETITE."

As men, when making objects coarse and rough, Of tawdry, tinsel, gilt, or common stuff. Give all such things a mass and size redundant, Showing they had materials abundant, But, when at work in silver, gems, or gold, Make such fine articles in smaller mould: So nature found material was not granted For making you the full size that she wanted. She would no doubt have made you five feet five, (The Venus' height,) but could not quite contrive To gather raw material enough Without admixing some of common stuff. Said Nature—"She shall be a first-rate article—Soul, mind and person shall not have a particle Of substance that is not divine, etherial—But where the deuce to get enough material?

But where the deuce to get enough material?
It can't be helped—I cannot make her tall—
I'll make her precious, but she must be small."
Lexington, Ky., 1852.

March 26, 1862

SCHOOL IN SWANSBORO', N. C.

THE Spring Term of this School will commence on the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary, under the immediate controll of E. H. Ramick. Parente and quardians wishing to patronize the 19th of Jamary. The last news from England announces the death of this eminent poet. He died on the 26th February, at his residence, Sloperion Cottage, in the seventy-second year of his age. Though the sad event has for sometime past been expected, the regret it must excite will not inerciore be less universal and deep felt. The deceased was the only son of Mr. Garret Moore, once a respectable tradesman in Dublin, where the bard was born on the 28th of May, 1780. He early discovered his poetical talent, and published, before the had completed his 20th year, a translation of the Odes of Anacreon" into English verse, with notes—the had completed his 20th year, a translation of the Odes of Anacreon Moore." In 1801, a circumstance from which he derived and always retained, the title of "Anacreon Moore." In 1801, a year later, he gave to the press, under the name of Little," a volume of original poems, chiefly amatodecidedly pleasant and healthy. D. A. HUMPHREY.
Swansboro', Onslow county, Jan. 1852.

TOPSAIL ACADEMY.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 1st day of March next.
Rev. William H. Christian, A. B., graduate of R. M. College, Principal.

Tuition per Session of five months:
Spelling, Reading, Writing, first class in English Grammar, and Geography.
Second class of same, including History and Philipser classes of English Science. including the street of the situation of the completed his 20th year, a translation of the circumstance from which he derived and always retained his 20th year, a translation of the circumstance from which he derived and always retained his 20th year, a translation of the circumstance from which he derived and always retained his 20th year, a translation of the circumstance from which he d Higher classes of English Science, including first class in Algebra, Latin and Greek.

15 00

Second class of same, with lectures on the most important subjects,
French and Anglo-Saxon will be taught if required at the usual prices.

Board in the immediate vicinity of the Academy, \$7 00 per month. Board may be obtained for at least thirty pupils.

Should the School require an Assistant, a competent Fermion of the national music of Ireland; and there are no similar compositions in the language comparable with them in brilliancy of fancy, tenderness and lewith them in brilliancy of sancy, tenderness and delicitous creations of imagination and feeling will continue to excite sympathy and elicit applause. Much as he had published besides, and meritorious as were as he had published besides, and meritorious as were several of his larger poems, it was to the "Melodies" that their author trusted most confidently his reputation with posterity; and we find from the following beautiful lines, expressive of his thoughts upon the subject, that it was to the influence of the music with which they were associated, as well as to their literary excellence, that he attributed their capability to persecute his memory.

do. W. A. Walker, do. Wm. A. Walker, do. Wm. A. Walker, do. Wm. A. Walker, do. Wm. A. Walker, do. John Williams, do. John Sallivan, do. John Salli

The Polish can be found at the Drug Store of C. Dufre, Market street.

Market street.

Market street.

Market street.

Market street.

MoOD, of Wilmington, N. C., would most respectfuling improved in the manufacture of his heretofore unsurpassed HACKERS and ROUND SHAVES, and has reduced the price so as to successfully compete with Northern.

Market street.

April 2d

Market street.

Market street.

Market street.

Market street.

April 2d

Market street.

Market street.

Market street.

Market street.

April 2d

Market street.

No list.

Served in the scat can be to one; and a little circumstance soon proved that he possessed a most "inquring mind." Before a most "inquring mind." familiarly to her, and asked, with a nasal twang, utterly incapable of imitation, "In affliction?" "Yes, sir," replied the lady. "Parents?—father or mother?"
"No, sir," said the lady. "Child, perhaps?—a boy or gal?" "No, sir, not a child," was the response, "I

Deights and Apothecary.

In Wilmington.

De. 9, 1851

In Wilmington.

New and Rare Indusements.—Richland, Ondow Country of the Wilmington wholes and best selected stock of Faney and Staple Dry Goodsthat.

Dally 4 boxes Am. Vernillion, 5 bbls. Lamp Black.

Dally 5 bbls. Linseed Oil, Pure, 150 lbs. Chrome concliders.

"Mushand was a sea-faring man was the curt answer. "Hum—cholery 2—a tradin' on the creen, Cpty, 150 bbss. Wilmington wholes and best selected stock of Faney and Staple Dry Goodsthat.

Dally 4 boxes Am. Vernillion, 5 bbls. Lamp Black.

Dally 6 bbls. Lamp Black.

Dally 6 bbls. Lamp Black.

Dally 6 bbls. Lamp Black.

The Dry RE'S, Dur Rate.

Dally 6 bbls. Lamp Black.

Dally 6 bbls. Lamp Black.

The Dry RE'S, Dur Rate.

The Dry RE'S, Dur Rate.

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N. BARLOW has removed to the new three story Graph Black of the care with the wildow was a seal signi Blake's Fire Proof Paint. For sale cheap, by
March 19. W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist & Chemist.

OILS! OILS!!—5 bbls. Linseed Oil; 5 bbls. Vegetable Paint Oil; 2 bbls. Whale Oil, Winter strained; 2 bbls. Sperm Oil, Winter strained; 3 bbls. Train Oil. For sale by m19

OILSS! GLASS! GLASS!!—600 boxes Window Glass, for sale at you pay for that umberel you got in your hand?—It's a real pooty one!"

OILS! DRUGS! DRUGS! DRUGS! 1 200 as Subtation of the you are impertinent!" And she left her seat and took another on the other side of the car. "Pears to be a little 'huffy!" said the ineffable bore, turning to our narrator, behind him. "She needn't be mad—It's with the made of the your traps together, and go ashore. I think his way to hand?—It's a real pooty one!"

One day Capt. Bagshot called Asa aft. "Jonation of the you may took another on the other side of the car. "Pears to be a little 'huffy!" said the ineffable bore, turning to our narrator, behind him. "She needn't be mad—It's way a great wight. The proof paint is the widow, indignantly.

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VANCE.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private character can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

Asa Knollins's Adventure-By THE OLD 'UN. Asa T. Knollins was a genuine specimen of the Down East Yankee—a log-chopping, trading, fishing, sea going amphibious animal, passing his time between the ocean and the mainland. In one of his voyages before the mast, he went to Porto Rico, and by some chance it happened that his vessel sailed without him. As a felt somewhat home sick when compelled to prolong his vieit, and watched engerly for an opportunity of returning to-his own native

land.

One evening as he was walking along the seaside in melancholy guise, he was suddenly surrounded by a gang of British sailors, belonging to the sloop of war Terrible, commanded by Captain Bagshot, and then busy in taking in water and other stores, preparatory to a continuance of her three years cruise. As a was disposed to show fight at first, but as the press-gang was armed with cutinsses, he concluded his best policy was to submit quietly, and so he entered the barge without opposition, and was taken on board the sloop.

That night as he lay awake, brooding over his misfortune, he chalked out his canduct, which was no other than to feign a simplicity, amounting almost to idiocy, and display as little knowledge of seamanship as possible. He knew how to throw into his countenance an air of complete vacancy and

to his countenance an air of complete vacance and innocence, calculated to throw the shrewdest ob-The next day at noon, a dish of biled beans was

set before him without any "fixings." Our friend flared up at the meagerness of the entertainment "Biled beans and no pork!" he exclaimed. "This is a leetle too mean. I swow! Taint fit for a dog!" "Hadn't you better complain to the Captain?" asked the black-whiskered bostswain, with a sneer.
"That's it, old sea-horse," remarked Knollins.—
"That's a bright idea! Capt'n! So I will."

And regardless of opposition, he bolted into the cabin, where Capt. Bagshot sat at dinner with three or four officers. "Who the devil are you?" asked the Captain;

"Who the devil are you?" asked the Captain, fiercely fixing his savage eyes on the Yankee.

"Who be I?" ejaculated Knollins. "Why, I'm Asa T. Knollins, Captain. I hope you're well—and how's the folks at hum! Pretty spry, eh?"

"You're name's Jonathan, I guess," said Captain Bagshot mimicking the nasal tone of Knollins.

"No it aint, it's Asa T. Knollins, Captain."

"Well, what do you want of me?"

"Seems to me you live pretty well here. Captain."

"Well, what do you want of me?".

"Seems to me you live pretty well here, Captain," said Asa, looking over the table. "Pretty tall fodder. Chickens, hams, pine-apples, and o-be joyful. Your cook hain't done the clean thing by us, though. S'pose you know nothing about it, so I thought I'd step up here and let you know how they serve us down stairs. Why, Captain, they give us beans without nork!" "Beans without pork! Astonishing!" exclaimed

the Captain, willing to humor the "character." "Yes, Captain, beans without pork. Don't that "What do you live on when you're at home?"

"Pork and beans, biled chowder, flap-jacks and doughnuts," answered Asa.
"What are flap-jacks?" asked the Captain. "What are flap-jacks?" asked the Captain.

"Don't you know what flap-jacks are? Why, I thought every fool know'd that. They are made out of flour, and eggs, and milk, and water, beaten up ker-slap, and they're slotted into a fryin' pan and done brown, and sarved up with butter and molasses, or molasses and butter, which ever you choose; and if they don't go down slick, there's no stans to Royhurt!"

" You seem to like molasses," said the Captain. "Well, I guess I du," said Asa. "But not raw,

"Wall, I like to run a stick into the bunghole of a hogshead, and then pull it cout and drop it through light once shed its living radiance around, and will my mouth. Aint it good then? Wall, I guess it is." "Well, Jonathan. " Asa, Captain."

"Jonathan, I say, you can go now, and I'll see about the pork to-morrow." Asa went back to his astonished shipmates, reporting that the Captain was a "pretty slick sort of

One day, when the men did nt " tumble up " from below with the requisite alacrity, the boatswain, rattan in hand, gave each of them a "reminder" with his stick. as they came on deck. Asa was the last, as usual, but watching the boatswain's bamboo.
he caught the weapon in his hand and dexterously
twitched it out of the officer's grasp.
"Hallo! whiskers!" said he, "I hope you didn't

mean to hit me, 'cause it hurts a feller. No, you didn't—wall. I thought so—I forgive you," and he threw the rattan overboard, escaping to the quarter-deck, where his originality secured his impunity.— In fact, he was treated as a privileged buffoon by the officers. Taking up a cannon ball one day, he asked:
"What in the world is this yere, Captain?"

"That's what we keep to pepper the Yankees with," answered Bagshot. "Want to know," said Asa, "how do they work "We put 'em into those guns and fire 'em off."

"Swow! you don't say so. Do they travel pretty "So you can't seem 'em." fast, Captain?" "Hurt a fellow if they hit ?" "Yes, when they're fired out of a gun."
"Not otherwise?"

"Then here goes!" cried Asa; and handling the missile like a bowling ball, he let it drive among the legs of the officers and men, shouting "hurrah! let Cries of rage and pain followed.

Cries of rage and pain followed.

"Seems to me. Captain," said Asa. coolly, "them ere things does hurt a feller, even if they haint fired

The Editor of the Journal left home last Wedneeday, and will probably be absent several days, during which time we crave the indulgence of our

A Scriptural Warning.

There are very few, if indeed there are any new things under the Sun, and for every changing phase of our national progress some parallel may be found in the pages of history, from which lessons of instruction may be drawn, rising in value in proportion to authority of the historian, and becoming priceless when they appear under the sanction of Holy writ. In the diversified history of the Jews, more especially, may we find such lessons scattered broad-cast. and, from the strangely confederated character of that people, formed out of twelve tribes, living apart, the absolute control of certain regulations of its own, totally apart and free from the interference of the are, to us, of the most startling character, as their government in its federated features bears a remarkable resemblance to our own.

The reader of the old testament, who has remark-"Old Fogies" as they call them, can hardly fail to have noticed the 10th chapter of second Chronicles. wherein is related how the following of the counsels of the young men in despite of the older ones led to of the remaining two tribes of Judah and Benjamin, are puzzled with speculations as to what has become of them; some, Maj. Noah among the number, endeavoring to trace them among the Indians of North America, while others look for them in the interior of Africa.

In the chapter of Chronicles, already alluded to, it is related how after the death of King Solomon, his son Rehoboam, went to Shechem to be crowned, and how the people made suit to him for a relaxation of taxes and duties, and how he put them off with a promise to give them an answer in three days; and how, in the mean time, he took counsel with the old men that had stood before Solomon, his father, while he yet lived, and how they counselled him to brought to this market. The nine head, two of them accede to the request of the people. But he forsook the counsel of the old men, and took counsel with the young men that were brought up with him; and their advice was contrary to that given by the old men; and he refused the people, and answered them roughly; and ten of the twelve tribes rebelled against the house of David, and the nation was separated forever-the Union was dissolved, and the glory of the Jewish people had departed. There can be but little doubt that the young King and his advisers scoffed at the old men, who had stood before his father. in nearly the same manner in which the new lights scoff at those that have stood before Washington and Jefferson, and the other worthies of the revolution; and if the Hebrew language afford a synonym for "old Fogy," no doubt they called them "old Fogies," while they rejoiced in the euphonious appellation of " young Israel."

There is nothing so foolish as to suppose that all change is necessarily progress, or that all progress Tennessee, for the purpose of seeing some of my friends, with must necessarily be in the right direction; and next near \$300 in cash-good horse and sulkey. I met with a gento it: the most foolish thing is to foreswear all change did, and lost. I then tried to get back at Faro. I continas hurtful. The first advice given to the young King ued to lose; and now this my last bill, horse, and sulkey, was that he should lessen the duties and taxes im- gone. posed by his father. This was the declate of prudence, and was a move in the right direction. The second was, that he should increase them ;—this was tors held a caucus in the Senate Chamber on Saturday, lso a move, but in the wrong direction, and it ruit ed his country. From this short chapter in Jewish of the other House, for the designation of the time and history, a lesson may be learned by those who desire either the good of their country or the safety of the Union. We are no preacher, but we still think that the greatest harmony prevailed between Mr. Sewthat a profitable and practical sermon might be made and and the Southern Whigs at the meeting. The first from the 10th chapter of Second Chronicles. We of July will probably be the time, and Philadelphia commend it to "Young America" of both parties, the place. The Whigs desire to shape their action by and also to the Convention men in this State. Murder and Arson.

Jesse Holley, a free mulatto, was arrested on last Saturday night, by Mr. A. D. Bourdeaux and others, for the murder of a Mr. John Hendrick, and the had been arrested, and was under examination beburning of the house where said Hendrick lived, one fore the Police court of Boston on "All Fools' day," night last week. When arrested, Holley had on first inst. clothes recognized as the property of the deceased. He was brought to town on last Sunday morning and committed to prison, to stand an investigation at next Superior Court, which will be held here week

after next. tenborough. Switzerland, where he has a wife and Goldsboro' in time to connect with the evening train two children, and was making arrangements to send from the South. To Raleigh, the stage will leave for them during the present year. He is represented as a man of industrious habits and a good mechanic. He was a ship carpenter by trade, but was ing train from the South." in the employ of Mr. Bourdeaux, about 12 miles from town, near the Railroad, at the time of his murder. The Mails from Wilmington North.

We are requested by the Postmaster at this place, James G. Burr, Esq., to state that "pouches" are for the Presidency. now made up for Strickland's, Warsaw, Goldsboro' and Rocky Mount, to leave in the 8 o'clock train. The want of proper bags, which only arrived last Saturday, has prevented its being done sooner. We hope we shall hear of no more complaints For the Defendant, Judges Strange and Toomer, Hon respecting our Strickland bag, and that our subscri- J C. Dobbin, H. I. Holmes and John Winslow, Esqrs bers on the routes branching off from that office The Jury returned a verdict of " Not Guilty " will hereafter be a little better cared for than they end. have been since the new arrangement went into ope-

Professor Bache. This distinguished gentleman, so long and favorably knewn as the head of the U. S. Coast Survey, arrived here on Monday last, and remained over until circumstances originating and attending it will soon Tuesday morning, thus affording our citizens an onportunity for meeting him and receiving the benefit of his counsel in regard to the best plan for obviating the difficulties under which our commerce now labors, and for averting the still greater dangers our bars, and the obstructions which are growing up cy of the Court. Fined one dollar and the costs, ed that Professor Bache will cheerfully co-operate, McLelland discharged. so far as his department is concerned, in any fair and proper plan which may be suggested.

Like all really scientific men, the Professor makes no attempt at display, but leaves the impression of Wm. Rich and Celia, his wife, were made State wita quiet, unobtrusive gentleman of strong, good sense and practical ability, whose suggestions may be im- ded and imprisoned three months. plicitly relied upon. He left on Tuesday morning in the cars, but it is to be hoped that this is not his last visit to Wilmington. Perhaps we should remark, that Mr. Bache is decidedly of the opinion that our harbor is capable of improvement, but for what sum of this place, advertises an addition to his stock of chemithe improvement can be made, or in what manner it cals and other facilities for the prosecution of his art. From is to be effected, could only be decided upon, after a personal inspection, we can testify to the excellence of the thorough survey and examination, made with direct reference to the question.

The steamer Redstone, bound to Cincinnati, blew up on the 2d inst. She had 70 passengers on board, March, was 23.175. most of whom are said to be lost; captain and elerk saved.

atch had been a citizen of North Carolina pend ng the passage of the bill chartering the Central Read and pledging the State for two-thirds of its lower grades. Reports of the markets will be found om stock, he would have no difficulty in understanding under commercial head. our position in regard to it, and our opposition to a onnection between it and the Richmond and Danville Road. The friends of the Charlotte and Danville project came before the same Legislature which chartered the Central Rail Road, and asked for a aked charter. We were a resident of the Western part of the State at that time, and took considerable interest in the matter, and we know that nothing more was expected nor would have been asked for, and we believe that the road would have been built without calling upon the State for assistance even to the amount of a cent. Against this project it was urged that it would carry everything out of the State-to Virginia on the North and S. cach tribe in its own allotted territory, and having Carolina on the South; and the Old North State was pictured under the similitude of a giant lying upon his back with his arms stretched out, and being bled General Government, the parallels to be found there from both. The Danville and Charlotte men contended, with truth, that the Western part of the State had a right to some outlet, and they must either have the one proposed by them or some substitute for it. The substitute proposed and adopted ed the present "Young America" humbug, and the was the Central Road. It was proposed, adopted, and sneers which its votaries cast upon the old men, the the State made a party to it for the express and avowed purpose of defeating and rendering unnecessary the Danville connection; and certainly the Legislature must have felt strongly upon the subject when they the division of Israel, the dispersion of ten out of the avoid a Danville connection, when they could have of promise was visible in every portion of the Union, twelve tribes, and their loss as a people until the had such connexion for nothing. We think the Dispresent day; so much so indeed that learned Jews patch will see in all this sufficient cause for our sensitiveness upon this subject, without imputing to us any unworthy jealousy, or any Japanese spirit of exclusiveness. It does not require that we should point out to the Dispatch the difference of the circumstances under which the connection of other North-Carolina and Virginia roads is made, from those which surround the connection between our Central and the Virginia, Richmond and Danville Roads; they will be apparent at half a glance.

Fat Beeves. Messrs. McKinnie & King exhibited on Market street last Wednesday nine splendid beeves, fatted by the Messrs. Ashfords of Sampson county. We are satisfied they are decidedly the best beeves ever small, brought \$400-estimated to be equal to fully 8 cents per lb. all round, for the nett beef. The Ashfords, for the past two or three years, have made and exciting one, and he had always been opposed the fattening of beeves for this market a part of their to the agitation of it. The people of the free State had nothing to do with it. They should leave it business, and have on several occasions before brought in the most choice article; but this time they have and it could never be agitated without endangering capped the climax and excelled all their former lots. the integrity of the Union. He was, he said, a Union They find it a profitable business to bring none to man, and to preserve the Union the Constitution market before it is in proper order, consequently, they never find any difficulty in obtaining the highest prices and quick sales for their stock. They deserve encouragement.

Young Men, Take Warning. The following inscription is on the back of a \$10 bill of the "Bank of the State of North Carolina," sent to us by a subscriber residing in Wayne coun-

ty, N. C., to pay his subscription for the Journal :-" MILTON, No. Ca., Sept. 10, 1848. "A WARNING TO MY YOUNG FRIENDS .- I left home for

Whig Caucus. The Washington Union says that the Whig Senapointed a committee to confer with the Whigh nominate a President and Vice President. We learn what takes place in the Baltimore Convention, which meets on the 1st of June.

Brewer, late teller of the Suffolk bank in Boston, is a defaulter to the amount of \$73,000. He

AG-A Daily mail is now in operation from Newbern N. C., to Raleigh. The Republican and Patriot says it went into effect on Monday.

"The Mail to New Berne leaves Goldsboro' every We learn that Mr. Hendrick was a native of Got-Goldsboro' every Tuesday. Thursday, and Saturday mornings at an early hour, and on Monday, Wednes day, and Friday at 12, M., on the arrival of the morn-

> The two General Committees of the Democra tic party in the City of New-York, (the Young Men's and the Old Men's Committee,) have declared in favor of Gen. Cass as the Democratic candidate

Biaden Superlor Court.

The case of the State vs. Burwell Dawson, for Per jury, was taken up on Wednesday, and occupied two days in its trial. For the State appeared Warren Winslow, T. C. Miller, and C. G. Wright, Esqrs nately for all parties, this prosecution is now at an It had been pending for some time, and the witnesses being numerous, the costs had accumulated to a arge amount. The trial having been removed from mpson county, in which the circumstances giving rise to the prosecution happened, the expense and inconvenience of it was greatly enhanced. As this matter is now put to rest, we hope that the unpleasant be forgotten, and that harmony and good feeling be tween all parties concerned may be restored .- North Cirolinian, 3d inst.

37-Thomas McLelland, indicted for the murder of Josh. Bryan, was tried last week, at Bladen Superior Court. The jury brought in a verdict of manwhich threaten it from the shoaling of the water on slaughter, with a strong recommendation to the merin various directions in our harbor. We feel assur- which costs were made up by the by-standers, and

> In the case of Wm. Rich, C. D. Rich, Allen Cair and Richard Smith, indicted for the murder of Jethro Mote, Allen Cain alone was put on his trial .nesses. Cain was convicted of manslaughter, bran-

Henry Clay will be 75 years old the 12th of

DAGUERREOTYPES .- We notice that Mr. J. W. GULICK pictures taken by him, and would advise every person re- a verdict. The court, after some hesitation, consen quiring anything in that line, to give him a call

EMIGRATION.—The total number of emigrants arrived at the port of New York during the month of O'Sullivan; and four for the conviction and eight Two trains of cars on the Providence road car

The Ohio, from Chagres, arrived at N. York on the 6th instant. She brings no news.

The steamship Bultle arrived at New York on the Sth inst. She brings dates to the 24th alt. from Liverpool. Cotton had declined nearly id. in the m, that within a few months time

FRANCE. - Wholesale arrests are still made by order of the French Government. Large numbers were exiled and sent off.

Louis Napoleon reviewed the troops on the 20th March. He was greeted with shouts of "Vive l'Em-Austria. - The Austrian Government had refused

to concede anything to the Hungarian Committee, who had left Vienna greatly enraged. It was apprehended that trouble would ensue.

England.—There was nothing of especial interest in political affairs in England. Parliament was pre-

Gen. Lane on Slavery.

ed from Cork.

As the name of Gen. Lane frequently occurs in connection with the Presidential nomination, and many of our readers may desire to know his views to publish them as we find them reported in the Indiana State Sentinel, in a speech delivered at Indianapolis last fall, in reply to the Governor of Indiana, who there received him on his way to Washington

"He would not and did not permit himself to doubt that a high sense of patriotism and love of Union, would bring together the practical men of Con both of the great political parties, and that a com-promise would be made on a fair, just and constitu-tional basis. His hopes, he said, had been truly regave two millions of dollars for the Central Road, to alized. On his return the olive branch and the bow voice of Indiana during this struggle, had been heard on the side of the Union, and her political power mainly given in support of the compromise measures. He was proud to know that the Senators and most of the Representatives from Indiana gave these measures a cordial support; and more than gratified to find, that since the passage of these measures, the great body of the people of Indiana have given an unmistakable evidence of their approval of them, and their determination to abide by the compro of the Constitution. If time and the state of his health permitted, he said he should be willing to amplify on this subject, but the hour and the occasi ished him to be brief. He should therefore content himself with the general remark, that the compromise measures, each and every one of them, met his cordial approval, and had he ber of Congress, he should have voted for all of them including the fugitive slave law, which was a meas ure absolutely necessary to carry out one of the com promise features of the Constitution. . They were all slavery question, he said, was always a dangerous where it is, and where the Constitution has left it must be carried out in its letter and its spirit; polit ically, he recognized no law above the Constitution He hoped every citizen of Indiana would be found supporting these measures. and frowning on every attempt further to agitate the slavery question

> Deep River Improvement. Will our contemporaries of the Favetteville Car olinian and Observer be kind enough to inform their readers what progress the Deep River Improvement is making? and why it is that a large body of timber, accumulated above the locks, cannot find a passage through them? We have heard some things about the matter, but would like to have a little more in-

formation on the subject. The people down this way feel a deep interest in its success, towards which many of them have paid liberal sums of money. It is proposed to hold a Railroad Convention at Knoxville, Tenn., sometime in August next. The Convention to be composed of delegates from Ohio,

bility of connecting the South Atlantic cities with in i beautiful style, after laying to for four hours the Ohio river. It is said the Ohio can be united

The Farmer's Journal.

We have received the first number of a new Agricultural paper, just commenced by Dr. John F. Tompkins, of Bath, N. C., bearing the above title .-It is handsomely printed, and contains 32 pages. learn that the Journal has been commenced with a flattering list of subscribers, and we hope it will continue to receive accessions of patronage. North Carolina is in great need of an Agricultural paper, and we have no doubt Dr. Tompkins is fully capable for the task he has undertaken. We wish him and his enterprise success. Subscription price \$1 per annum.

9th District.

A Democratic District Convention was held at Gatespointed one delegate from each county of the 9th Confollowing resolutions, relative to the Presidency and Vice Presidency, were adopted:

Resolved, That reposing entire confidence in the wisdom that shall govern the action of said National Convention in the selection of candidates, with reference to their devotion to the Constitution and the rights of the States, we will cheerfully and cordially abide the decision of said Convention in the selection of a candidate for the Presidency, and will give to such nominee, whoever he may be, a cordial, hearty, and enthanicatic auroport.

Resolved, That we present to the consideration of the De Resolved. That we present to the consideration of the Democracy of the country the high claims of North Carolinate the second office within the gift of the people, in the person of her distinguished son, the Hon. ROBERT STRANGE—subset, of course, to the decision of the National Convention.

THOS. BRACO, Jr., Esqr. of Northampton, was chosen Elector, and WM. F. MARTIN, Esqr., of Pasquotank, Sub-elector.

Connecticut Elections. HARTFORD, CONN., April 6 .- Seymour, the Demo cratic candidate, is elected Governor-and the Democrats have a majority in both branches of the Legis

The above is from the Richmond Enquirer. The dips, and from which, by the aid of a parabolic reflection. Baltimore Sun has a despatch of the same date, stator, they are enabled to read 30 feet off. This candle ting that there is no choice for Governor, but there will probably be a democratic majority of 20 in the Legislature. As far as heard from, 12 democrats lamp may be rolled about the deck. and 6 whigs are elected to the Senate, with Litchfield county, electing three senators, to hear from.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal announce that orders will soon be issued for the release of the Irish exiles, on condition that they do not return to the British Islands.

New Haven gives a whig majority of 500.

The Mormons are about establishing a settlenent in the valley of the Gila, with a view of opening a communication with the Pacific and the establishment of a port at or near St. Diego.

THE CUBA CASE .- The case of Messrs. O'Sullivan. and Lewis, and others, as to the alleged Cuban Ex- a short time before." pedition, which has been on trial in New York for some time, was, we learn, closed on Saturday, and given to the jury. The jury, after being locked up there was no possibility of their ever agreeing upon ted to discharge them. It is said they stood seven for the conviction and five for the acquittal of Mr. boat lines. for the acquittal of Capt. Lewis.

Kossuth arrived in Mobile on the 3d instant. and met with a favorable reception

mercial bouses, of no little im been establaished in this place. We allude to Mr. Keonce, from Onslow, on Market st., and the firm of es energy and capacity.

The firm of Freeman & Houston has long bee amiliar to the associate Editor of this paper, and he has had the ood fortune of a long, intimate and personal acquaintance with them-particularly with paring for its dissolution, and the approaching elec-tion absorbed attention. Scurvey, Free Trader, electthe junior partner. We speak what we know when we say they are business gentlemen, and have the energy, as well as the means, to carry on whatever they may undertake. The location of such gentlemen in Wilmington shows that her progress is watched by people abroad with some interest, and that her upon the Compromise, &c., we have thought it right prospects for an increased trade, at no distant day, is looked to as a certainty.

WASHINGTON, April 5. In Senate, petitions were presented in favor of the establishment of the Territory of Nebraska. Also, the netition of the Legislature of New Mexico, asking for the reservation of certain lands.

In the House, Jackson's resolution in favor of the promise was taken up. Jackson demanded the previous question.

WASHINGTON, April 6. SENATE.—Mr. Douglas presented the memorial of Mr. O'Reiley for the establishment of a telegraph ine to the Pacific.
Mr. Borland gave notice that he would to-morro

The non-intervention resolutions were then take House .- The House resumed the motion to reconsider the Navy discipline bill. The motion to recon-sider was carried.

Fraud on the Government.

call up the bill relating to the Japan expedition.

The St. Louis Republican gives the following: The public has been made acquainted by an official rder published by Maj. Gen. Jessup, of extensive frands committed on several officers of the army by one Gustavus McHarcourt. We find the history of

the matter to be about this: McHarcourt, who has been employed for a long time in the army and, until the discovery of the fraud always enjoyed a high reputation for integrity and efficiency, was engaged by Capt. L. C. Easton, in Sept. hortly after went with Capt. E. to New Mexico.

Shortly after the arrival of Capt. E. in Santa Fe his whole family was stricken down by sicknesss and in he course of a few days he lost his wife, his brother--law, and a servant.

Ne Harcourt was therefore entrusted to some degree with the control of business. It October last, Capt. E . who was then in St. Louwas informed by Gen. Jessup of a deficit in one of the tems of his quarterly account. He examined his books, which had been kept by McH., and discovered

that they had been artfully altered in several entries n the then current quarter's account, by changing figares, and in two instances entire!y erasing the entries of he amounts received from other officers, and reducing the amount to be accounted for near \$18,000 less that what was in fact received and receipted for. Capt E. immediately wrote to Gen. Jessup, acquainting him with the extent and particulars of the fraud and started to Santa Fe in pursuit of McHarcourt .-

He here learned that he had forged his name and that f Col. E. Sumner to several drafts which he sold and ther left for Chihuahua. Capt. E. still pursued him but lo no purpose. At El Paso he found that McH had sold drafts, forged by him as aforesaid. to the amount of about \$30,000 and had left for Durango, travelling with great speed. A reward of \$1,000 was offered by Capt. E. for his

arrest and delivery, which he is still willing to pay. There is no definite information of the amount frauls committed by McHarcourt, but enough is known say that they will altogether amount to not less

are represented by the U. S. Register to be \$159,411,-TIE YACHT AMERICA .- A letter dated Malta, Feb-Alabama-to take into consideration the practica- cayamong yachts, arrived on the 2d inst She came in aheavy gale from the N. N. E. Her owner, Lord de flanquiere, is loud in her praises as a vessel of with these cities by the construction of less than two hundred miles of Railrond.

de manquiere, is local in Boy Property. She will lie with remarkable speed and buoyancy. She will lie with in bur points of the wind and do her fifteen knots an lour with ease. Since leaving England, she has ada fair share of heavy weather, and had there been any truth in the prognostics of her detractors, that her masts would be carried away in bad weath er, and other similar follies, there was every possible opportunity for their being realized. But the prety caft nobly did her duty, doing fourteen knots for We have not had time to give it a perusal. We a whole night, when running with but her jib set, and setting all bad weather at defiance. During her stopshe has been visited by numbers of persons.-The America will proceed to morrow to Alexandria."

Superior Court.

Sping term of Superior Court for this County was n sersion last week-His Honor, Judge Settle presiding. The cases of most importance were that of the State vs. Wm. Lane for killing Ichabod Garriss, the keeper of the poor house, and that of the State vs. Grove for stealing a negro. The trial of Lane con sumed the whole of Wednesday. The jury returned ville, N. C., on the 27th ult. The Convention ap- a verdict of guilty of manslaughter. The prisoner was centenced to be branded and to six months imprisonment For the State, Geo. S. Stevenson, So gressional district, to the Baltimore Convention. The for the defence, Messrs. Dortch, and W. H Washington. The case of Grove was removed to Duplin; had been sent to this County from Edgecombe. was supposed that the attention of the Court would be with the criminal docket the whole week, occupi and on Wednesday the witnesses in civil suits were dismissed. No case on that docket was tried .- Golds boro' Republican & Patriot.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY FOR SEAMEN .- Mr. Thompon, Surgeon, British R. N., the inventor of the naval telegraph lights, has submitted a plan to the lords oners of the admiralty by which candles and I may be dispensed with, many thousands of pounds being saved to the country, and yet ten times more light secured to every ship affoat : this is accomolished by a simple and a very ingenious method of using the slush from ealt meats; now of no use.— Their lordhips have approved of the invention; and since the order was given by the admiratty, her Majesty's ship Impregnable, flag-ship, Devonport, has The from stem to stern on this new plan men in each ship, in place of having one dip of 34 to the pound, have now a light for six hours equal to 16 tabe may be filled with water, yet it can be instantly expelled, and the light fully maintained. The great is so locked up that it cannot well escape, so that the

An important meeting of the creditors of Texas, as we are advised, will take place at Washington City Wednesday, the 14th inst., to determine whether they will accept the settlement of their respective There is a slight difference in the arrange claims, tendered them under the provisions of the lungs, by which the black has more e claims, tendered them under the provisions of the the lungs, by which the black has more exhaling act passed by the Legislature of Texas, approved the force than the white. The black man requires less January, 1852.

It will be necessary. we learn, that every creditor of Texas should be present, either in person, or by proxy, to render the proceedings of the meeting definitive. Richmond Enquirer.

A WESTERN WIFE -A Western paper says : " We saw a woman carrying a big hog home from market on Saturday upon her shoulder For the benefit of se who may think her husband ought to have done it, we will state that she served him in the same way

85-The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser says—" General Scott remarked, in the presence of a number of his friends, recentfor about eight hours, came into court and stated ly, that if he were elected President, he should live SNOW STORM-RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- BOSTON, April

6.—Snow fell in this city yesterday to the depth of a foot, causing a stoppage in the railroad and steam sollision last night. The engines were sus but the passengers escaped material injury.

A friend to the Bloomer dress says his devate the American costume.

nin Run-

FIRE IN ELIZABETH CITY, N. C .- From a letter re Figure 1. Of the first gentleman we have had the pleasure only of a partial acquaintance, but enough, however, to stisfy us of his being a man of busi-ter, were destroyed.—Norfolk Beacon, 5th inst.

The number of persons killed in the U. States by

New ORLEANS, April 2 -The steam ship Louisiana just arrived, reports that the steam ship Independence, from this port, had been wrecked on the bar at Matagordas Bay, on the 26th nlt., and that that the vessel and cargo, which were together valued at \$70,000, had become a total loss. One hundred and and fifty pas segers had been saved. The following individuals wever, were lost in trying to reach shore in a boat Mrs. Minott and three children, Mrs. Lieutenant Jones. the chief mate, and Mrs. Hovey. The latter was drowned in endeavoring to save Mrs. Jones. Tel. Cor. Charleston Courier.

The Boston Post tells of a man in Maine, who kept grocery store, and when he sold a pint or half pint rum, always put his thumb into the measure-an normously large thumb—and at the end of twenty rears practice, he estimated that he had sold his humb for at least \$5,000, and had it left, after all .-What an old soaker it must be.

The General Banking-Law, with the pre-redemption eature included, has passed the New Jersey Legislature and been signed by the Governor.

Ole Bull has abandoned his profession and is in propeller may be lifted by half a dozen hands from Washington, making arrangements for purchasing its submerged place, perpendicularly up out of walands in the West, and planting there a colony of ter; the upper blade being lodged just under the Norwegians, his countrymen.

U. S. MUSKETS. - During the last year, there were manufactured, at Springfield armory 21,000 muskets. at a cost of \$8 75 for each musket. In 1839, they could not be made at less than \$17 44.

NEW YORK, April 3. The steamer Prometheus has arrived from San Juanwith two hundred and thirty-eight passengers, and three hundred thousand dollars in gold. Her California news is anticipated.

The Pacific sailed to-day for Liverpool with a hundred and four passengers, and two thousand dollars in rudder.

THE METHODIST CHURCH.—We have already noticed that a Convention of Lay Members of the Methodist Episcopal Church had heen held in Philadelphia, of members in favor of the existing order of church government. The result of this meeting was a call first Wednesday in May next, to " take such counsel and action as will give confidence to the General Conference in attachment to Methodism as it is." South Carolinian

Coinage of the Mint for March.-Gold-401.-895 pieces, or \$3,886,632; silver-1.563,495 pieces, or \$3,886,632; silver—1,563,495 pieces, or \$3,939,-738; copper—269,975 pieces, or \$2,390,75. Gold bullion deposited for coinage-from California, \$3,-760,000; from other sources, \$130,000. Silver lion deposited in the same time, \$19,550. Punch remarks, that the only works of fiction now

ublished in France, are the government newspapers. Edmund Clore, convicted of the murder of Thomas Carpenter last fall. was executed at Madison Court House, Va., on the 26th ult. It is stated that be-

tween three and four thousand persons were present to witness the execution. He made a full confession, and attributed his end to intemperance. A DEEP Snow .- The Liverpool Journal says snow to the depth of forty feet recently fell in the United States. That's news to us. Treasury notes outstanding on the 1st of April, 1852

periment, and a man was found late'y in Switzerland who gave signs of life after being frozen for nine months. The power of stopping while the world goes Ice houses may soon be advertised, with comfortable arrangements for skip-

ping an epoch, or waiting for the next generation. Dogs and Cats for California.—It was lately stated that a number of cats had been shipped from New York to California, on speculation. nnati Nonpariel says that a citizen of that place has

lately sent off 500 dogs to the same destination. widow; because, before he has a widow he must die lives. He lives in these hearts of ours, and will live

"I have learned that republics may cease to be man. Christian, but Christianity can never cease to be republican."-Kossuth. Mr. Edmund Burke, of New-Hampshire, formerly

one of the editors of the Washington Union, will, it is said, be elected Senator from that State to succeed Mr. The amount of coal mined in Pennsylvania during the year 1851, was 1,400,000 tons of bituminous,

and 4,900,000 of anthracite, of which the aggregate

value is \$22,000.000. VAST ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS .- On Tuesday 30th ilt. there arrived at New York port between four and five thousand emigrants from Europe-including 956 by the Washington, which, with the crew, exceeded ne thousand souls. On the previous day the arrivals of emigrants amounted to upwards of three thousand men, touch not a bone of him. After a few days we -thus making, in two days, the enormous number of about eight thousand human beings landed on our shores, seeking an asylum and a home. Many of him. I am done." these ships are entirely too crowded, for the health of

The Pacific Fleet is designed to protect American commerce by force, combining celerity of movements and light draught of water, along the extensive coast of the Corea, the Yellow Sea and Japan, to extend our commerce between California and the rich countries of the East. and between the Atlantic ports and Northern China, and by a series of hydrographical surveys, correct the imperfect charts of tho tofore almost unknown regions. It will also repel any aggressions from semi-barbarians, and rescue our shipwrecked seamen from the wanton crucities to which they have been heretofore subjected.

The Sandwich Islands will be frequented and their uniformly advantageous and profitable commerce, and friendly intercourse, be propitiated and preserved by "operative sympathy," should the occasion

BLACK AND WHITE.-Jefferson noted seventeer oints of difference between the black and the white man. They differ in color, in the hair, and in the shape of their bodies. The black has less beard than the white man. He perspires more profusely. sleep. He is more adventuresome. His love is more ardent, but less imaginative than that of the white man. His grief is more transient. He reflects less His reasoning powers are decidedly inferior. His memory is equal to the white man's, but not his imagination, which is doll in the extreme. The black has less originality. He has no turn to the arts of painting and sculpture. He has as good are car for music as the white man, but no skill in composing.
And, lastly, the black has no poetical tendencies.—
Poor fellow!

THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL .- This noble edifice making daily additions to its fair proportions, and is fast changing the character of its appearance, from a pile of brick to that of a magnificent ornament of the city. We notice that a portion of its walls have attained their full height, and other parts are rapidly reaching a similar elevation.—N. O. Crescent. The railways of Britain have cost twelve hundr

millions of dollars; the cannis thirteen hundred millions; the docks one hundred and fifty millions.—
There are 35,000 merchant vessels; 285 war vessels; 520 yachte. All together represent a tonnage of 4,763,000 tons, and are manned by 299,000 men. An average of one vessel is lost at every tide.

The most remarkable improvement of late years ship-building has been the successful application of the screw-propeller to appropriate forms in the hulls of sea-going ships. Aside from the advantages which the commercial navy is destined to derive from the employment of the screw, the fact that the man-

of-war steamer has been found at last, begins to be agnized, slowly to be sure, amongst naval men. We had a glimpse of this forthcoming fact in the performance of the "Princeton," and had she been followed up, doubtless our success would have been complete, and the side-wheel steamship-of-war, so unfit for naval warfare, would by this time have disary ithe man family royal fa parts o noveroi equally females remarks the nece meeded Bruce, ed form on the cactual fermlin The

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The American " Princeton" and British "Ratler" railroad accidents, last year, in proportion to the number who traveled upon railroads, was one to a hundred thousand.

Baltimore, April 4.—One third of the city of Chiliton, and the point of knowledge where we left off just cothe, the capital of Ross county, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on Thursday last, including all the Hotels, the Post-Office, and the business section of the city.

Construction of Ross county, Ohio, was destroyed ten years since. These two ships will be, therefore, ten years old in principle. On the other hand, the "Ratler" was followed by others, until at this time the screw fleet alone built and building. consists of fifty ships. A brief description of a recently-built British steam screw sloop-of-war may be both interesting and instructive.

> The "Niger" steam-sloop is 1.070 tons, is shiprigged, carries twelve 32-pounders on the broadside and two 8-inch pivot shell-guns. She is 194 feet long, and though smaller than the "San Jacinto" may be somewhat larger than the "Jamestown" sloop-of-war.
> The steam machinery, boilers inclusive, is entire-

ly below the water line, and beyond the reach of shot; the smoke stack only is exposed, and that is arranged to house.

The "Niger" is propelled by a screw, with two blades only, and the main shaft is arranged to be withdrawn when desired from the axle of the propeller; by which the propeller, being thus disconnected, is free to be disposed of in a peculiar man-

The ends of the axle are made to work in sockets connected with upright screws, called lifting gear, and when disconnected from the main shaft, the upper deck, and the lower lying snugly masked, a-bove water or nearly so, against the section of vessel

cut out for the reception of the screw. By this arrangement the screw, which was lately dragged under water when not used, is now stowed with as much convenience, and a tenth part of the labor required for a bower anchor, and quite as securely carried. The ship becomes in all respects a perfect sailing ship. A section of the vessel is cut out for the accommodation of the screw ten or twelve feet forward of the sternpost, and is called the trunk. which in no way interferes with the action of the

The "Niger" has dispensed with the usual water-Horace Preston, a fugitive slave, has been ordered tanks, to which one-half of the entire hold is generto be sent back to his mas'er (Mr. Reese) in Baltimore ally appropriated in cruising ships, gaining room for fuel and provisions; all the fresh water being manufactured daily at the galley.

A portion of the fuel used on board is now always

a compressed coal, not liable to spontaneous combus tion and compact in stowage.

From her form and rig the "Niger" is to all in-

r a convention, to assemble in Philade phia on the tents a fast and effective sail-ship, and a complete steamer when wanted for steam duty. Should no extraordinary service call for the use of steam, the coals taken from the home dock-yard will last her for the entire cruise, and she is not expected to burn it for any but extraordinary service.

National Intelligencer.

Red Jacket's Monument. George Copway, at the close of his lecture in Buffalo on Tuesday last, called the attention of the audience to the subject of erecting a monument to the remains of Red Jacket.

When he had closed, says the Express, Dr. Wilson, a noble specimen of the native American race, rose, and with tears starting from his eyes, his stalwart form shaking like an aspen leaf under the contending emotions that struggled in his bosom. addressed the meeting in the following strain of impulsive eloquence:

"GENTLEMEN AND LADIES:- I wish to detain you a moment. I am one of the descendants of Red Jacket. I speak for them. We have been removed from our homes by the cunning and treachers of the rate laces. Ked Jacket, though not a prophet or a son of a prophet, predicted that the pale face would drive them from the grave of their fathers and his follow his remains, when his spirit should leave them to unite with the Great Spirit. So let the white man not touch them. We, the few broken remnants of the Senecas, will bear them away with us.

"He wants no monument from the hands of the white man. He would not have it. As he forbid the pale faces to follow him to his resting place, so he would forbid them to desecrate his bo their touch. Let not the white man bestow his unthankful benevolence there. Let not the philanthropist go there. Red Jacket wants no monument ately sent off 500 dogs to the same destination.

No monument would preserve his name. His name It is held that no man can marry the cousin of his will not perish, though he has no monument. He as long as one heart beats in the breast of the red

"The white man has done something for him. He has surrounded his remains with a paling. He has placed a marble slab over them. Where is it now ? Piece by piece the curious visitor has carried away, till scarcely one is left. Should the pale face build him a monument as high as they propose to build to Washington at their Capitol, it would crumble away as that has that those people of Buffalo have placed over him, and no stone would be found upon another. No! Red Jacket forbid the pale faces to follow him to his grave. Red Jacket

not have them desecrate his bones now resting there. "His predictions that the pale face emigration would roll over these plains and sweep away his tribe is fulfilled, and I. a relative of his descendants. a few remain, yonder, say to you white men and wowill bear away in our hands from his resting place, what remains of him. But let not a white man toucl

Copway then stated that he was not aware of the resence of a relative or friend of Red Jacket, or of e state of feeling existing among the remnant of his tribe, or he should not have adverted to this subject at this time, and in this manner.

A PRINCESS IN A CONVENT .- The Princess Naraki. great niece of the Emperor of Russia, has recently paid a visit to the Hospici Generale of the order of St. Vincent de Paul, at Valenciennes. The Impe-

rial der Naed says : "The pious princess desires to occupy a cell in their humble asylum. It is said that having descend-ed voluntarily from the highest steps of the imperial throne. to which her rank and birth called her, she has abjured the Greek religion to adopt that of the Reman Catholic church, and to take the yeil among the humblest sisters of charity. She resolved on this vocation in a journey she some time ago made to Paris, after the death of her father, on seeing the exemplary life of the sisters of the congrega-tion of St. Vincent de Paul. In order to end her life amongst them, far from worldly greatness, she hesitated at no sacrifice-neither the loss of her property, which was confiscated, nor exile, nor the most complete abnegation of her existence. She posesses a perfect education, solid and varied information, to which she unites a modesty which adds another flower to her almost angelic crown.

COAL LAND .- The Pottsville (Pa.) Mining Regiser. alluding to the cheapness of land in that quarter a few years ago, says now an acre of coal land is worth \$18,000.

Many set down a higher figure. In the South Basin. (that is, from the Sharp Mountain to the Mine Hill,) where we have all the veins, viz: thirteen, including red and white ash, the whole thickness of the coal is ninety feet thick. Allowing one half of this for fault and waste in mining, we have 45 feet or 15 yards in thickness of merchantable coal. There being 48,000 square yards to the acre, we have, by still increasing so largely in value. In England coal lands, not possessing near the intrinsic value of ours, sell at from one to two thousands pounds sterling.

Fugitive Slaves in Pennsylvan Hannissung, (Pa.,) April 2-12, m-The House has passed the Senate bill allowing the use of the State prisons for the imprisonment of fugitive slaves. an amus descried know w country n nine was affair as out : " H round h tuckered looked burnt the He turne A THI induen

Scott, in that " as the coun we much the statio vate him. tial aspire THE Y thy heart why do

thou cou calls thee weak. deep, fon jabers, be peeling. vania, writion over vantage subject, inoculate men," se inoculate out!"

FRENC in a coun age, drun fact, if w editor of Nice, und the abeen where wi "Cross to Nice, and quiet necticut r cities and Nor hav Nor hav ber but of wine. S There is tive mixts en, "jule caile our in ruin.

t of late years sful application forms in the the advantages d to derive from et that the manst, begins to be st naval men. ing fact in the and she been ould have been ship-of-war, so this time have

ritish "Ratler" years' neglect have built just "San Jacinbe, therefore, her hand, the til at this time ng. consists of recently-built be both inter-

tons, is shipthe broadside he is 194 feet Jamestown" sive, is entire-

served among modern Jews.

peared, and at the end of two weeks as fine a head of

looking girl, shall be progressing to a style of beauty

which will never decline, while the finished wax doll

has treasured up her inheritance for the age when she

A YANKEE ON VESUVIUS - A correspondent of the

Boston Transcript, writing from Naples, thus describes

know why, but I marked him at once for one of my

countrymen As I advanced towards him, I could not

pelp noticing the cool manner in which he and Vesuvius were taking a morning smoke together. His long

out : "Hallo, stranger! pretty considerable lot of lava

He turned out to be a man from N. England, who came

A THRUST AT GENERAL SCOTT .- The last number

of the American Whig Review, a periodical of vast

the country. His political principles are sound, but we much question his qualifications and capacity for

the station to which some of his admirers would ele-

vate him." The writer then gives him another touch of flattery, and concludes in reference to his Presiden-

THE YOUNG WIFE'S RESPONSE .- "Why art thou

sad, my love, to-day?—what grief is frowning o'er thy heart? Why dost thou droop and turn away, and why do tears unbidden start? When first I wooed thee in thine isle—thy Erin, emerald of the deep—I

saw thee sweetest, only smile, nor ever thought that

thou couldst weep. The sun of summer lights the

earth, the zephyr's kiss is on the cheek; and nature

calls thee back to mirth, then be not prythee, love, so weak. While I thus spoke, my bosom's queen, one deep, fond glance upon me stealing, exclaimed, 'Be-

jabers, but you're green! It's onions sure I'm after

vania, was showing his class the advantage of vacina-

tion over inoculation in preventing small pox—an advantage so evident that the State had legislated on the

subject, making it an imprisoning offence for one to

men," said the professor, "If they put the man you

inoculated in jail ; for, in a few days he would break

out!" At this, the students themselves "broke out"

the times require abler hands and wider views."

up here from Marseilles to see the volcano."

Quarterly Review.

needs it most, and the other squandered it early.

an amusing interview with a live Vankee:

d the reach of , and that is rranged to be le of the pro-

rork in sockets d lifting gear, in shaft, n hands from up out of wast under the ly masked, action of vessel

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to the Mine iz: thirteen. thickness of g one half of have 45 feet coal. There we have, by ness, 72,000 which, at a). This is a of our coal ment. It is ave and are England coal alue of ours,

s sterling. -The House e of the State slaves.

Hereditary Features Cabbages as a Field Crop for Stock.

A peculiar thickness of the under lip has been here ditary in the imperial house of Hapsburg, ever eince the marriage, some centuries ago, with the Polish family of Jagellon, whence it came. In the English royal family a certain fulness of the lower and lateral parts of the face is conspicuous in the whole series of sovereigns, from George I. to Victoria, and has been for years the practice of many excellent farmers in England, Souland, Belgium, and Holeans of the ducal house of Gordon have long been remarkable for a peculiarly elegant conformation of the neck. The Clackmanshire Bruces, who are descended from a common stock with the famous Robert Bruce, of Scolland, are said to have that strongly marked on the coins of the theroic monanch, as it did in his central face when his bones were disinterred at Onfermin about thirty years ago.

The prevalent tallness of the inhabitants of Pots
From the Polw.

Cabbages as a Field Crop for Steck.

This, to an American farmer, who nover thought as a eandidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanorer Courty on the 20th ultimo, Mr. Benerus Bruze, from George I. to Victoria, and has been for years the practice of many excellent farmers in England, Souland, Belgium, and Holland as we think just females of the ducal house of Gordon have long the many proven by an are—the ease with which it can be cultivated, saved and fed in winter—tits succulent qualities have been only the female of the coins of that heroic monanch, as it did in his contrasts with other on the coins of that heroic monanch, as it did in his contrasts with other on the coins of that heroic monanch, as it did in his contrasts with other on the coins of that heroic monanch, as it did in his contrasts with other on the coins of that heroic monanch, as it did in his contrasts with other on the coins of that heroic monanch, as it did in his contrasts with other on the coins of that heroic monanch, as it did in his contrasts with other of the coins of the lateral properties of the lateral properties of the lateral

scended from a common stock with the famous Robert Bruce, of Scotland, are said to have that strongly marked form of the cheek bones and jaws which appears on the coins of that heroic monarch, as it did in his actual face when his bones were disinterred at Dunfermlin about thirty years ago.

The prevalent tallness of the inhabitants of Potsdam, many of whom are descended from the gigantic guards of Frederick I; the Spanish features observable in the county of Galway, in which, some centuries ago, several Spanish settlements were made; and the hereditary beauty of the women of Prague—are facts, which have frequently attracted the attention of chronologists. The burgesses of Rome (the most inchronologists. chronologists. The burgesses of Rome (the most in- made, and hence is richer in the material essential to the health. growth. and strength of an animal: variable portion of every population) exhibit at the present day precisely the same type of face and form wheat contains about 12 per cent. of it; beans, 25 per cent: but dried cabbage contains from 30 to 40 as their ancestors, whose busts may be seen carved in relief on the ancient sarcophagi, and the Jewish physiognomies portrayed upon the sepulchral monuments of Egypt are identical with those which may be ob-

will yield 1.500 lbs. of gluten; one acre of Swedes turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield 1,000 lbs. of gluten; one acre of 25 bushels of beans, will yield 400 lbs. of gluten; one acre of 25 bushels

care in decay make in presentations.

The possible of control for the control of the control of

crop of peas upon the same ground that is to have a cabbage was grown as ever appeared in Quincy market. The cabbage will be on exhibition at the next meeting of the Massachusetts State Agricultural Society.—Boston Times.

School-Room Time.—There are generally but two

coarse or unfermented manure is not good. Ashes, plaster of Paris, bone dust, poudrette, and a little salt will be found beneficial. Guano is excellent.

Storing for Winter.—Select some dry piece of ground from which the water drains readily, and having carted the crop convenient, one hand seizes the roots, while another strips off a few of the lower leaves, and doubles the others around the head, and holes it upon the ground, while the other hand lays of fourteen, of whom so much was expected, has long been coarse, pudding faced, or withered. For the one

holes it upon the ground, while the other hand lays on dirt enough to keep it in place. Afterwards go over and carth up the rows all into smooth straight ridges that will shed the rains into the furrows. which in their turn will carry off all the water that

The other day, on reaching the top of Vesuvius, I ly. descried a man sitting astride a block of lava. I don't nine was run out like a bowsprit, and he took the whole affair as calmly as one would look upon a kitchen fire at home. As soon as I came up with him, he bawled

round here! Any news down below? Ye hain't tuckered aout, be ye?" On my asking him if he had looked into the crater, he replied: "Yaas! but I burnt the laigs of my trowsers, though, I tell yew "- prevent them from applying the advice of this arti-

of the American Whig Review, a periodical of vast influence with the party whose principles it advocates, purs a two-edged sword between the ribs of General Scott, in the following truly scientific style. It says that "as a soldier he has the universal confidence of the country. His political principles are sound, but we much question his qualifications and capacity for the country. The political principles are sound, but we much question his qualifications and capacity for the country. The country is a two-edged sword between the ribs of General Scott, in the following truly scientific style. It says that "as a soldier he has the universal confidence of the same kind on his shoulders, or lacks the article entirely, or is very wrongheaded, shall the above stand a general assortment of Groceries, Liquors, and Provisions, at wholesale—and to carry on a General Commission Business.

Grisactte, miss M E Pelletier, W P R F [180-1t] JAS. G. BURR, P. M.

WESSEL & EILERS.

OMMISSION Merchants and Wholesale Grocers, the article entirely, or is very wrongheaded, shall at the above stand a general assortment of Groceries, Liquors, and Provisions, at wholesale—and to carry on a General Commission Business.

EXPERENCE:

The Use of Sunshine, by the author of the Maiden Aunt. propriety of adopting the advice of raising cabbages

tial aspirations, by remarking that "the exigencies of tiser furnishes that paper with the following account

CANDIDATES FOR SHERIPP.

March 11, 1852 We are authorized to announce Mr. THOMAS H.

County of New Hanover at the ensuing August election.

March 11, 1852

158-27-te at the ensuing election, on the 6th day of August next.

February 7, 1852 130-1m-23-tf

WILLIAMS, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff for the

per cent: but dried cabbage contains from 30 to 40 per cent. of this all-important material. of which the principal mass of the animal structure is built.

"An acre of good land will produce 40 tons of cabbage; one acre of 20 tons of drum-head cabbage will yield 1.500 lbs. of gluten; one acre of Swedes turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons, which will yield turneps will produce about 30 tons turneps

TOBACCO.-30 boxes, 18 lbs. each. For sale cheap by M. McINNIS. ket. The cabbage will be on exhibition at the next ket. The cabbage will be on exhibition at the next meeting of the Massachusetts State Agricultural Society.—Boston Times.

School-Room Time.—There are generally but two ages in life of perfect loveliness and freshness—that of the young child and of the young woman; and between them the features are stretched and pulled about by the hand of nature with a seeming caprice which forbids any very positive judgement as to the result. But these are the rightful years for such mysters.

But these are the rightful years for such mysters and while they are going on, and while they are going on, bone dust, poudrette, and a little of the long fibrous roots, which penetrate to a great depth when unobstructed. Any rich compost or well-rotted manure is good for cabbage; and while they are going on, bone dust, poudrette, and a little of the long fibrous roots will be proved and for sale cheap, by M. McINNIS.

The land to grind down all lumps into a loose friable mass. If the land has a clay foundation it must be subsoiled and so graded that surface water cannot stand, as that is over death to a young cabbago plant.

The necessity of deep tilth may be seen by an examination of the long fibrous roots, which penetrate to a great depth when unobstructed. Any rich compost or well-rotted manure is good for cabbage; and while they are going on, bone dust, poudrette, and a little of the long fibrous roots and while they are going on, bone dust, poudrette, and a little of the long fibrous roots and powdered. For sale by M. McINNIS.

FLOUR.—100 Bbls. assorted brands. For sale cheap, by M. McINNIS.

Walkings M. McINNIS.

Alkinson, W. Hall, J. W. Hall, J. W. Hall, J. W. Hallon, and Powdered. For sale by M. McINNIS.

Moliny I. W. Alkinson, W. Hall, J. W. Hallon, and J. W. Hall, J. W. Hall, J. W. Hallon, and Powdered. For sale by M. McINNIS.

Moliny I. W. J. W. Hall, J. W. Hall, J. W. MACKEREL.—110 Barrels and Half Barrels Nos. 1 and REMAINING in the Post Office at Wilmington, N. C., 3, just received and for sale cheap, by M. McINNIS.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Wilmington, N. C., 31st March, 1852.

OF CHARLESTON, S. C.
CHARTERED by the State of South Carolina, with Capital of \$250,000, all paid in and well invested.
FIRE, MARINE, RIVER AND LIFE RISKS. CHAS. EDMONDSTON, Pres't. CHAS. EDMONDSTON, Pres

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA. ARRIVED.

APRIL AP Steamer Chatham, Stedman, from Fayetteville, to T. C.
Worth; with 30 passengers.
April 6—Boat Stevenston, Morgan, from White Hall, to Miles Costin; with rosin and tar.
Boat David Lewis, McClammy, from White Hall, to Miles Costin; with spirits turpentine and rosin
Steamer Evergreen, Barbee, from Fayettevile, to A. D.
Cazaux.
Steamer Henrietta, Wilkinson, from Fayetteville, to A.
D. Cazaux.
7—II. S. Mail steamer Wilkinson, from Fayetteville, to A.
Fayetteville, 5 25 a 5

cotton.
U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Eates, for Charleston with 48 passengers.

Peartree, J Porter, S Robins, mrs C Robins, mrs C A Restraile, Z M P Rue, E H Rourk, Peter Stephens, S Heady, Mary
Holt, S
Huestis, R
Jones, J
Johnson, miss E
Jackson, J H
Johnson, miss Ann S Sanyer, A Seyer, capt Shaw, Jr., W Sewar, Richard Shawe & Son, Bragg, Jno Bagg, H A Brown, Augustus Card, J M Suthet, Jno Stevens, W G Johnson, miss Ann Jenkins, B 2 Johnson, Emily Joyner & Stubbs Johnson, J F Jones, Datus Janis, N Johnston, J W Craig, Jno
Culpepper, T
Cherry, J J
Callendire, G V Swindle, W H which in their turn will carry off all the water that falls. Three or four inches of earth will preserve them from any injury from the frost quite effectually.

Unheaded Cabbages—There are often many of these when the crop is gathered at the approach of winter, commonly thrown away as useless. They may be rendered fine for spring use by transplanting them in a close double row, and then covering them with boards or slabs like the steep roof of a house, with an additional coating of a few inches of earth. They should then be properly vontilated—By next spring a large portion of them will be found well headed and delicately blanched.

Application—We hope none of our renders are so like the kind mentioned under the last head, as to prevent them from applying the advice of this article to their immediate use—because

**Now is the Time to Swo Cabbage Seed.—Not exactly this particular month in all parts of this country where we shove our Plow, because this is a country where we shove our Plow, because this is Chamberlain, E N Clark, H Cutler

and Provisions, at wholesale—and to carry on a General Commission Business.

REFERENCE:

E. P. HALL, Pres't Branch Bank of the State, O. G. Parsley, Pres't Commercial Bank, P. K. DICKINSON, Esq.,

POPPE & CO.,

DOLLNER & POTTER, New York.

General Agency and Commission Business.

THE subscribers have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of WHITAKER & WHITFIELD, were subscribers have the s

Perpound,....00 a 28
BUTTER;
Perpound,....00 a 00

COTTON,
Per lb...nom 0 a 7½
CORN,
Per bushel, ...62½ a 65
Meal, bush.,..00 a 80
COFFEE, per lb.

Rio, 10] St. Domingo, 9

Laguyra, 10 a

Java,14 a
CANDLES, per lb.
Tallow,12; a
Sporm,45 a
Adamantine, ..25 a

WALLINGTON, N. C. Art 1/2 L Kathi Ctore had adwater Coron, N. C. April 2 - Nashi tore have advanced since last report. The sur ply has been rather limited this week; sailes have been made at the following at less O d dip \$2 50, Serape 1 30 a \$1 32\frac{1}{2}. Tur \$1 25; per bbl. of 280 lbs. Corn, 2 60 a \$2 75 per bbl. Becom, life, per lb., hog round. Layd, 10c per lb. Staves—R. Q. Hibd and W. O. Bbl., 10 a \$12 per M.

NEW BERN. April 5.—Tupentine—This arzicle has come in pretty freely for the last week. During the last Il ree or four days prices have advanced. The last sales of dip were at \$2 62\frac{1}{2}\$ and of scrape \$1 72\frac{1}{2}\$. Tar—We hear of sales at \$125\$ to \$1 30. Corn—40 bbls, from llyde County-sold this morning at 52 cts. per bushel. Meal—Sales at 67\frac{1}{2}\$ to 70 cents per bushel. Peas—Sales of Clay Peas, at 60 cents—Bacon—No change in price. Lard—Fales at 10\frac{1}{2}\$ cts. by the bbl. Yellow Dip, 2 40 a 2 45

Virgin Dip, 0 00 a 0 00

Hard, 1 35 a 1 45

Tat, 0 00 a 1 55

Pitch, 0 00 a 0 00

Rosin, No. 1, 0 00 a 1 25

Do. No. 2, 0 00 a 1 05

Do. No. 3, 0 80 a 0 85

Sp'ts Turp, per

Sallon, ... 33 & 00

Value of the control of th

Bacon—No change in price. Lard—Fales at 10½ ets. by the bbl.

FAYETTEVILLE. N. C. April 6 —Bacon, 10 a 11 ets; Cotton 65 a 7½; do. Yarns, 15 ets; bro. Sheetings 6 a 65; Osnaburgs 9½ a 10 ets.; Feathers, 32 a 25 ets; Hour 4 25 a 24 75; Corn. 80 a 90 ets.; Wheat, 85 a 90 ets.; Cats. 50 a 60 ets.; Peas, 90; Rye 90 ets. per bushel; Hides, dry 8 a 9½ do. green 4c. per lb.: Molasses Caba 24 a 26 ets. per gallon; Salt, sack, \$1 50 a \$1 60; allum. bushel. 40 cents:
Bacon.—The quantity coming in for this season of the year is light. No change in price. Corn.—The quantity on the market is becoming small, but we report no change. Cotton.—Sales during the week have been at about our present quantations. No variation worthy of notice. The non-ket well supplied with all kinds of goods. We note a sale of Fayette-ville Bank Stock on Friday last at \$120, and Cape Fear at \$116.—Observer. OIL, per gallon.

Sperin, ... 1 00 a 1 50

Linseed, N C. 75 a 1 00

Neats Foot, ... 00 a 1 50

PEAS, per bushel.

Ground, ... 75 a 0 90

Black Eye, ... 00 a 00

Cov. 00 a 85 Black Eye, ...00 a 00
Cow,00 a 0 85
PORK, per barrel.
Mess, 19 50 a 20 00
Prime, 16 50 a 17 00
POTATOES.
Irish, bbl...0 00 a 0 00
Sweet, bush, ...60 a 75
POULTRY.
Chickens, live, ...30 a 37½
Do. dead, ...00 a 00
Turkeys, live, 100 a 1 50
Do. dead 1b 00 a 0 00
RICE, per 100 lbs,
Clean, ...00 a 00
SAJ-T, per bushel.
Alum.....00 a 00
SAJ-T, per bushel.
Alum......00 a 00
SOAP, per lb....4 a 6

supplied with all kinds of goods. We note a sale of Fayette-ville Bank Stock on Friday last at \$120, and Cape Fear at \$116.—Observer.

RICHMOND, VA., April 5.—Tobacco —No change, in prices last quoted. Wheat 90 a 95. The Flour market remains unchanged. Corn 57 a 60c. Corp meal 65 a 70c — Oats 35 a 40c. Ryc 75 a 80c. Fish —Forrings, No. 1 cut, \$7 a 74; Gross \$5; Roe 6 a \$6 25; Mackeret, No. 3, \$3.2.2 No. 2, \$83; No. 1, \$10. Lard 103 to 111c. Bacon 94 to 12 cents, heg round. Coffee, Lagtyra 94 a 16c; Rio. 93 to 104. Molasses, Sweet Cuba. 18 a 20c; New Orleans, 28 a \$0c. — Sugar, New Orleans 54 a 54c.; Porto Rico 5 a 64c.

BOSTON, Abril 3.—Naval Scores—The stock of Spirits turpenti 6 to times small and 1 cl. at 45 cents, ca h, with small sales. Tar is very scarce and some small rots have been taken at \$2 50 per barrel, 6 mos. In rosin there have been sales of 700 bbls. common at \$1 45. 6 mos: mad Pitch at \$1 50, cash. Rice—There have 1 cen sales of 20 casks at 33 a 35c., and superior at 3/c, 6 mos. by and to 7, 20 casks offered, 4 sold at 34c., cash.; 31 casks, damaged, at \$3 32 a \$3 65 per 100 lbs., cash.

BALTIMORE. April 6.—Flour—Sales of 1.350 bbls. Howard street Flour at 4 a \$4 064 per bbl. Sales of 55 5 0 bbls. City Mills at 4 a \$4 064 per bbl. Corn Meal \$3 124 per bbl. Sales of Red Wheat, good to prime, at 88 a 91 cents, and yellow do at 57 cents per bashel. Oats 31 at 34 cents. Rio Coffee 9 a 94 cents per bbl. Corn Ses 10 at 31 at 20 cents, and hams 10 a 12 cents per lb. Uniskey in linds. at 20 cents, and bbls. at 21 g cents per lb. Whiskey in linds. At 20 cents, and hams 10 a 12 cents per lb. Whiskey in linds. At 20 cents, and bbls. at 21 g cents per gallon.

PHILADELPHIA. April 5.—The Flour market has urdergone no change. The export demand is limited and only degreen on change. The export demand is limited and only degreen on change. The export demand is limited and only degreen of the superior of degreen of the superior at 31 degreen of the superior of the superior of the superior of the superior of the

tine at \$3 50.

HAVANA, March 29.—Since the 14th inst, the weather has been almost constantly rainy and storpy, which has stopped work on the Sugar estates, and greatly interfered with all other kinds of business.

Of Sugar, the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the special power of the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the stock per old which if the warehouse at Regala. A portion of this is held by second hands. It being now certain the present crop of Sugar with all other kinds of business.

Of Sugar, the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the stock per on the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the sugar ower cannot account the such which has stopped work on the Sugar states and greatly interfered with all other kinds of business.

Of Sugar, the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the took has the stock has rather accountuated, and we cetter the such change in the color has a fall of the stock has rather accountuated, and we call a rather the sugar ower cannot have the sugar ower the stock has rather accountuated, and we call the stock has rather accountuated with all other kinds of business.

Of Sugar, the stock has rather accountuated with all other kinds of business.

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Of Sugar, the stock has rather accountuated a

For hams, 114 for sides and 114 cents per lb. for shoulders.

Sales have reached several thousands pounds within the range of quotations. Western held at 10 cents for shoulders. See table.

Beff Cattle—Prices are a little higher. A prime article of stall fatted has been sold at about 8c. per lb., but this is over the market for ordinary prime.

Corn.—Received since our last about 12,400 bushels, from Hyde county. A portion of which was sold from vessel in lots to suit consumers, at 65 cents per bushels. Several thousand bushels were taken in bulk at 62½ cents afloat.—The stock in dealer's hands and afloat is fully fair.

The stock in dealer's hands and affoat is fully fair.

FLOUR.—The market is better supplied with Fayetteville,
Baltimore and New York brands. We note a small sale of
Fayetteville at \$5 25 on arrival, and sales from store in lots
of 10 bbls. and upwards at \$5 62½ per bbl. Sales Baltimore in lots to suit at \$5 a \$5 50 as in quality. See table
for retail prices of Northern brands.

HAY.—84 bales Eastern hay, was taken a few days since

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The stock in dealer's hands and affoat is fully fair.

NOTICE.

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Alayer RECEIVED and just opened a fair described to party of Barege De
Laines; Frinted Lawns; Embrondered and Fancy Lapsets;
White Muslins and Lawns; Fancy Prints and Gingham, Silk; Lace crape: Hair Straw Lace; Div. Satin and Pearl
Hats; Ribbon and Flowers; and Trinmings for desses, &c.
Also, Goods for Gentlemen's wear; such as Woollen and
Linen and Cotton Pant stuff; Bondagine, Lrab de Eete;
Linen Gingham and Brown Linen Coating. LUMBER.—Sales of river flooring boards at \$11 50 per M.

LIME —Received since last Thursday about 1700 casks, which had been sold to arrive, on private terms. The article is retailing at \$1 50 per cask. There is none now in first hands.

A PROCLAMATION, By his Excellency DAVID S. REID, Governot of the St te of Molasses .- Received from Matanzas, 275 blds. and 8

North Carolina.
WHEREAS, three-fifths of the whole number of members of

Molasses.—Received from Matanzas, 275 hads, and 8 tierces, all of which has been taken, together with the balance of cargo reported last Thursday, at 18½ cents per gallon, 90 days.

Potatoes.—Some 60 barrels Irish potatoes sold at auction a few days since at \$1 62½ a \$1 87½ per bbl. Sweet Potatoes command from 60 to 75 cents per bushel. Retailing at 80 cents from store.

Pork.—Northern barrel pork has still farther advanced, and but a small supply in market. We now quote mess at \$19 50 a \$20 per bbl. Prime is offering at \$17 per bbl., but no sales at this price.

Staves.—Sales of red oak had. staves at \$10 per M. Salt.—300 sacks Liverpool salt, received coastwise, has the salt of the said clause of said section.

Parming.

A correspondent of the Edgefield (S. C.) Adversarial and the

Firskit Tederake—Him ay appear strange that in a country where wine is almost a common bears and Carpes Bags, Satchele, fange Tranks, &c. Always on the control of the Albany Evening Journal. Writing from the country of the Albany Evening Journal of the

tierces, all of which has been taken, together with the bal-

Catch words, or cant phrases, are the most contemptible of all forms of expression, and either convey no meaning at all, or else are intended to stigattack openly. For instance, look at the latest of such like-to w at do they amount? what intrinsic value or meanin; have they? what does "Young rica does not also want? what new features or measures would it engraft upon the Democratic creed ?- as may seem pecessary; and so long as we move in These are questions which should be well understood nation is not given, we must suppose that it is either such changes to be made cautiously and in such a must take no root in the Democratic party. We founded. must know what we do, and will not permit our Every one-idea party-every party of new and un-

taught the people a lesson in humbugs, which hardly needed the enforcement of a more modern instance, which is "rough and ready" to our hands. may do, or whatever clap-traps they may resort to, ther recommends the mum policy, with Vera Cruz, Cerro Gordo, Chapultepec and Mexico, for a plat-Shall we allow mere rallying cries or cant phrases we say-no! Judge Douglas, the gentleman who is pushed forward by these "Young America" orators, has ample qualifications to sustain him in a fair fight for the nomination and for the Presidency. He wants no more and should receive no less. He comes as a Democrat -a good and tried Democrat-and not as a time-serving Demagogue mounted upon any "Young America" hobby, and he has no right to thank his indiscreet friends for placing him, even by the most remote implication, under the suspicion of such a thing. We think it the duty of all reasoning and reflecting men in the party to let their views on this matter be known at once, so as to give all claptrap its quietus.

York on the night of the 29th ult., with a million and a half in gold, and California dates to the 1st them a terra incognita. They possess comparative- the temple. March. Among her passengers are J. H. Clay Mudd and Judge Davis, delegates to the Whig National Convention. The Democratic State Convention assembled on the 23d Feb., and after a stormy session of four days, elected four delegates to the Baltimore Convention. The Whig State Convention met on the 27th of Feb., and after a noisy session of three days, appointed four delegates to the Whig National Convention. Neither party instructed its dele- the agency of public works. In the planning and gates as to their votes for President and Vice Presi-

The attempt to call a Convention to revise the Constitution, was still being energetically prosecuted, and a bill to that purpose had been introduced into the House of Assembly. The principal alteration desired is supposed to be of that provision which prohibits slavery in the State.

A destructive fire occurred at Downieville on the 21st of Feb., which destroyed property estimated at \$750,000 ;-very probably an over-estimate.

The yield of gold had slightly diminished for the fortnight before the sailing of the steamer, on account of want of rain. The steamship North America, of at Acapulco, but with the loss of nearly all their valuables and money.

The news from Oregon and Utah is not interesting. Trade was dull, and some murders had occurred .-The steamer Gen. Warren had been wrecked near the been lost.

The project for steam communication between San Francisco and the Sandwich Islands had fallen have not such a superabundance of labor, of manuhave sufficient trade to make them a profitable ter- puny efforts of the town constituencies. minus for any line, although they would be indispensible as a half-way house for steamers traversing the Pacific between the Eastern shores of Asia, and our brought from Europe by the Canada. It will be re- and you meet them, returning at night, in a body, to

The New Orleans Bee learns from a passenger who came on the brig Brownsville, from Brazos, at the mouth of the Rio Grande, that Canales had disbanded soldiers of the Schleswig Holstein army, pronounced against the Central Government of Mexico on the 15th ult.

Yesterday morning, Mr. Lynch, conductor on the Wilmington & Raleigh Railroad, took up a men that the combined army of Brazillians and othman, about five miles from town, on suspicion of placing rails on the track. He was but a short displacing rails on the track. He was but a short displacing rails on the track. tance from where a rail had been placed across the actually rode down the puny Portuguese, Spanish track, and when arrested he acknowledged his guilt; and Indian mixed races of South America. They said he did so in order to obtain work. The man may eventually turn upon their employers, and was committed to jail by Justice Miller.

The Georgia Southern Rights Democratic Convention assembled at Milledgeville on the 30th Lola Montez, and almost given her a public recepult., and adjourned on the 31st, after appointing for- tion, whereupon the moral inhabitants of Baltimore ty delegates to the Baltimore Convention, and re-af. | who some years since harnessed themselves into Fanfirming the Baltimore platforms of 1844 and 1848.

The delegates will go instructed, but no preference was expressed for any particular candidate, although it was understood that a large number of the memit was understood bers were in favor of Mr. Buchanan as their first on the 31st. Several valuable works of art were de-

"Be sure you are right, then go ahead," might be profitably adopted as a rule of action by other peo-ple than David Crocket; and certainly none better growing country; and it may fairly be set down as to pay it. The sum is \$1,500. an axiom, that when a republic ceases to be progressive, it begins to go backwards-to fail. We agree with a speaker in the House of Representatives, who remarked the other day, that nothing could be more preposterous than to suppose that the country is already finished, and ready to be painted, varnished matize by inuendo what their promulgators dare not and fenced in. It is not-neither is it to be supposed that our laws and institutions are to be considered this class-"Young America," "Old Fogies," and as placed under lock and key, with a seal over the key-hole, which may not be broken without sacrilege. We have a perfect right to adapt them to our chang-America" mean ?-what does it want that Old Ame- ing circumstances, and in most constitutions a clause is inserted making direct provision for such change accordance with the spirit we have a right to alter and definitely answered before "Young America" the details of the letter in such manner and to such can be supposed to mean anything; and if an expla- extent as experience may have shown to be requisite: a mere unmeaning catch-word, or that it means manner as not to risk the fall of the whole structure. something not fit to be told. Such things can and nor a violation of the principle upon which it is Such is Democratic progress. It seeks in a quiet

time-honored stand-bys to be stigmatized by a cant and constitutional manner to remove all unnecessary obstructions, to level all legal distinctions between free white men as such-to allow of the existence of sifted notions starts with a stock of stereotyped no invidious distinctions between man and man in phrases - taking catch-words and such-like machine- the same community, simply on account of somery, intended to supply the lack of argument and thing perfectly extrinsic and having no reference to make up for the want of experience. We should their personal qualifications. In pursuance of this have thought that the days of the hard cider and policy the Democratic party secks the abrogation of coon-skins, coupled with that log-cabin, might have that restrictive and now odious provision of the constitution, which, so far as one branch of our legislare is concerned, disfranchises two-thirds of the citizens of Wilmington and other towns, and which But we do hope that whatever the opposing party actually renders it a species of intermeddling for the editors of this paper, or, we suppose, of any other the Democratic party will scout all "Old Fogvism" paper in town, to have anything to say in the and "Young Fogyism," and only look to the charac- nomination or election of our county Senator, since ter and qualifications of the man, whether his age they can have neither act nor part in voting for him. be thirty-five or seventy-five. Above all, it behooves But it seeks to do this in a manner which cannot enthe Democratic party to pay heed to this, since it is danger any other part of the constitution-which the true conservative party of the country, and the forces no irrelevant issues into the contest-which only one directly dependent upon principles. A late brings the isolated question of the Senatorial Sufnumber of the New York Tribune, the most influen- frage before the people, to be decided upon its tial Whig paper at the North, in an article urging own merits, and without reference to any other questhe nomination of Gen. Scott, distinctly makes the tion. In fact, it seeks to amend where amendment admission that the Whig party is and always has is deemed necessary, but not to tear down a whole been a minority, and that the only chance for them structure for the sake of innovation or experiment: to carry the Presidential election is to nominate a or from the still worse motive of demagogueical exto carry the Presidential election is to nominate a or from the still worse motive of demagogueical excealed, among the few who dare speak at all, that candidate who, by personal popularity, military citement. Contrast this conservative progress with the Czar's feelings upon the subject of serfdom, did eclat, or, in plain terms, clap-trap, can carry some the stand-still policy of some of the Eastern Whigs not exhaust themselves in mere words, and that his votes outside of the whig party. The Tribune fur- who seem equally conservative of defects and beauties-or of the Western Whigs, who would tear down the whole fabric for the purpose of erecting form. Shall we imitate such an unworthy example? another in its stead, subject to all the distorting and deforming influences of sectional prejudices; and to have any influence in our party. Emphatically certainly presenting no better guarantee of perfection than did the Constitution of '35, or any other ed from the same quarter. The Emperor's chief atuntried experiment, and this, too, at an estimated cost of at least \$40,000

It should be, and it is, our desire to draw clo the bonds which unite us to our brethren of the Western part of the State, to commingle our interests and feelings, to bind them to us by bands of iron. and by every means to facilitate that intercourse, by which alone we can be made one people. All this we hope yet to see accomplished, but we cannot hide from ourselves the fact, that now we are not one people in aims, designs or interests;—or at least hunted down like wild beasts—are pointed to as feelings of interest—nor can we be for long years warnings how you entrust men with liberty who are atended with loss of flesh. The City does not hold have it—l'il take part of it out." one people in aims, designs or interests :- or at least to come. The people of the West have been used to not suited for it. Murders, violations, mutilations of so great inducements to itinerant organists as the look to Virginia and South Carolina, -all their con-The steamship Crescent City, arrived at New templated works have sought for an outlet in those a powerful, if not altogether silencing, argument in a powerful, if not altogether silencing, argument in States, while Eastern North Carolina has been to the mouths of those who keep barred the gates of otheir food. The hand organs are generally owned ing the skim-milk cheese for the price of wool! ly a small interest in an institution which is essential to the East-that of slavery. Looking at the whole matter, it will strike any attentive observer, It is this: The serf of a proprietor who resides, perthat the people of this State are capable of becoming haps, several hundred miles from a certain large a perfectly united community-but that from various causes they are not so at present, -that the proper plan for the promotion of unity, is by extended has a knowledge of some trade, though he may be intercourse, which can only be established through direction of these public works, the East must have her full share of influence, else the habits of Western in other words, escaping—is not now very frequent trade, with Virginia and South Carolina, and the prejudices against the East, which that trade has the population of certain districts should be increasinfused, might, and probably would, give to works intended to bind the State together a, direction which would have the contrary effect of dividing it lieve the case is now different, and that unless the still farther, and more permanently.

The experience of the last few years in Congres has proved conclusively the disposition of a majority dier, and "accounted for" to his owner, when the section, having interests, or supposed to have inter- latter has to pay his next instalment of serfs to the ests, at variance with those of the minority, to en military authorities. But if the serf has a humane croach upon the rights of that minority; and with and liberal owner, (and I am informed that there this example staring us in the face we should be cau- him, the adventurer departs. He previously makes the Nicaragua line, was totally lost on the 28th tious of doing anything that could give occasion for a his bargain with his owner, as to how much of his Feb., when a few miles south of Acapulco. Her pas- similar contest in our own State, or that might sub- earnings shall be remitted to the latter, and the nesengers. 750 in number, were saved, and had arrived ject a weaker to the unrestrained dominance of a cessary passports from his proprietor are furnished stronger section.

mercial towns are few and small, and have little influence. In a state so situated, having such wantsmouth of the Columbia river, and several lives had that policy is certainly questionable which still further weakens the commercial influence by virtually every year-but, in the case of the serf, and indeed, disfranchising the trading towns. We certainly through for want of encouragement. The steamer facturing industry, of commercial enterprise and which is strictly local, it is evidence that he had no Constitution had gone to Honolulu, the capital city capital, that we should find it necessary to discour- run away; if he has it not, he is liable to be instantand chief port of the Islands, to take her place in age them by making their followers a proscribed ly seized. the line agreeably to contract; but it was found that class—subject to all the burdens, but excluded from he then seeks for what work he can get. Often, in business did not justify its establishment, and she one of the privileges of citizenship. There is no fear deed most frequently, does he not leave his native returned. The fact is, that the islands, with a population of 120,000 inhabitants, all told, can never almost universal, and has nothing to fear from the ions similarly situated, who engage themselves, en

Bucnes Avres. The fall of Rosas is confirmed by the advices earnings. In this case, they usually live together, membered that last year it was mentioned in the always papers, that Brazillian agents were in Hamburg. ing. to the no small dissatisfaction of involuntary Germany, engaged in securing the services of the audiences of neighbors. after the attempt at revolution in the Dutchies had been suppressed and the authority of Denmark restored. It was chiefly by the assistance of these stored. It was chiefly by the assistance of these workman as to be hired, by contract, for forty-five workman as to be hired. become as dangerous to them as to their enemies.

The Boston folks have made quite a lioness of

stroyed with it. Loss estimated at \$200,000.

The Legislature of Penrsylvania, invited Ko to come and see them. They marched into their difuses, and they marched him out again or safer can be set up for the guidance of political They had a capital frolic over him, and fed more parties. Progress-going-ahead is now the order of hung[a]ry men than came in the Mississippi, and the day-it is always the order of the day in every now the bill of costs is sent in, and they don't want

statement, it appears, that the nett amount of U. S. Funds subject to draft in the various depositories, on the 22d of March, was \$12,773,397 91.

WASHINGTON, March 31. SENATE.-A plan was laid before the Senate for aking the yeas and nays.

Mr. Dawson presented a remonstrance against the admission of Utah as a State, on the ground of Mor-House .- Mr. Hendrick introduced resolutions rela-

tive to the Military Land Act of 1848. Committees were then called on for reports. The consideration of the report on the trial of Cap-

ain Nagle, was postponed till next week. WASHINGTON, April 1. In the Senate petitions were presented from the Legislature of New Mexico, asking protection from the

depredations of the Indians.

Mr. Rusk reported a bill setting apart lands for railroad from Lake Michigan to the A resolution calling for information relative to the Japan expedition, was taken up and discussed.

The House took up the bill granting the right of way for a railroad from Memphis to Charleston —

The bill was finally referred to the committee of the

The Iowa railroad bill was then taken up and dis-

Boston, April 1st .- The House of Representatives of this State have passed an act referring the Maine Liquor Law to the people.

From the London Chronicle correspondent in Russia. The Serfs of Russia. In the inherent character of the serf system in Russia, it would be foreign to my purpose to go.use the name when I remember that out of the 54,000,000 of whom the Russian population is understood to be composed, 42,000,000 are serfs, and 12,the name when I remember that out of the 34,000,000 of whom the Russian population is understood to be composed, 42,000,000 are serfs, and 12,000,000 are free—about one in five,) has been for
years the great object upon which the pens of European philosophers have been exercised. Its vices
are known to the world; nor, have those interested
in preserving it failed to set forth its alleged alleviaing apertures for ventilation, and to admit food, and
tions. The opinions, too, which the respective rulers

The visitor to suppose some of the immates representation of pefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties who are said to present series and to present the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficulties undergone by the pioneer in the survey and present decessor of Professor Bache, Mr. Hazler; the continued in the The opinions, too, which the respective rulers of Russia have entertained upon it, are also on re-cord. It is even no secret that the earlier convic-of into small compartments. In one room thus occuusually direct the studies of continental royalty.) nine individuals, of both sexes. Adjoining, was an were in favor of modifying the system, and elevating not exhaust themselves in mere words, and that his tions for the prosecution of the fine arts. Our sudmajesty actually assumed the initiative in a course which would have led to serf-emancipation. It is around a table pushed from sight the cards with which considered, in certain circles, the reverse of a matter they were playing, and curiously eyed the visitors.—
for regret that resolute and implacable opposition,
One of them then proceeded to show off a favorite for regret that resolute and implacable opposition, weight inaction, succeeded in causing the discomfitare and abandonment of the attempts in question Nor is it probable that such attempts will be renewtention is now given to the soldierly education of myriads of plumed and glittering serfs of his own. taste for military detail and display has succee ed at Petersburg to any effort for the settlement of graver questions, and, from the present, serfdom in of the great competition in the business; but it is not Russia must remain what it is. The difficulty of unusual for these vagrants to make a dollar, or even any interference with it, is still further enhanced by \$ 50 a day. The monkeys are imported, but their he example to which its defenders have been able o point, though the unparalleled ferocity and bar-

I have spoken of a certain species of serfs as an There are instances in which they are the property of exile, and I propose to glance at his position, before referring to that of his resident brothers' bondage. town, conceives that he shall "better himself," leaving his native soil, and trying his fortune in the engaged in agricultural pursuits. He proposes to his lord to let him go. Possibly his lord refuses, and there is an end of the matter; for the special case of the serf's taking leave without permission-Sometime since, when government was desirous that e system of running away, on the part of the serfs, and hiding in those districts (where ultimately serf is almost miraculously lucky in evading all the network of the police system, he is unceremoniously seized, packed off to the military depot, made a solare hundreds of such) who can afford to part with to the police of the district in which he proposes to If there be one thing which we want above all such manifold ramifications, that it is almost imposusually the time. If the man has his lawful billet.

others, it is trade-commerce-industry; our com- sible to evade it long, and hence the owner has a take "Cheap bread" for their motto, the result of the safe hold upon the travelling serf, even at the distance of five, six, or seven hundred miles; for nobody deed, that the cheap bread of the manufacturer brings is allowed to live in Russia without leave-that is. of others, as the police may see fit, at a much shorter period. In the serf's case, I believe six months I am supposing, however, that he propo-p faith. He obtains his police billet, and

> the large room in which they sleep, and where they always indulge the Russian habits of eternal sing-The serf remains, and works. His rate of wages,

assist her efforts at self-support, he has the same means of remitting to her, namely, by the post office —a very important department of which is appro-

priated to this kind of business. The rest of his earnings he may apply as he pleases.

The bare necessities of life are remarkably cheap in Russia. The workman's living costs him the

NIEBUHR VERIFIED.—The native population of the andwich Islands is decreasing steedily and fast, as we

A Correspondent writing from Comberland County, ives as a case of degradation and cruelty occurring in its vicinity which would dely credulity, were it not nown that Intemperance can make a demon out of san: The individual referred to commenced life under flattering circumstances, married an amiable lady and had an interesting family of children around him. From the use of strong drink, he was reduced finally to utter destitution and misery. His poor wife, upon whom now devolved the support of the family, having retently received a small sum of money for some werving reformed for a neighbor, her brute of a husband resorted to every expedient to force it from her, to spend for liquor; finding her inexorable, he set the two eldest of his children to fighting, and made them scratch and tear each other like dogs. The mother attempted to interfere, when her brute of a husband

attempted to interfere, when her brute of a husband dashed her to the earth with stunning force. To save her children, the wretched mother surrendered the money and the demon-hearted father departed immediately

depriving this wretch of the liberty of thus abusing The wealth which the Western farmers will this year his family, by placing the maddening drink beyond his creach. The drunkard's right and liberty to get drunk, years of Southern crops, and ensure such a basis for is of vastly more importance than the Lappiness and business as reflect upon Eastern manufacturing a dewell-being of his wife and children.—Raleigh Spirit give of prosperity with which any former year will of the Age. We know nothing of the case of brutality mention

ed above; but there is already quite sufficient law to are double those of the same months of la "deprive this wretch of the liberty of abusing his fam-those of flour will not long run behind." ily." Why not enforce existing laws, instead of proposing new ones?—Fayetteville Observer.

Where the Animals Live. One of the attaches of a morning paper (Journal Commerce) has been exploring the winter quarters of the monkeys and organ-players who do up the doleful so bountifully in favorable weather. The following s the result of his exploration:

With the return of warm weather, a horde of mor keys and organ-grinders are annually let loose upon our citizens. We have often wondered where they came from and whither they went. Their place o rendezvous we have at length discovered. building in Orange street, evidently designed by the builder as the abode of comfort and elegance, has been for some period in the complete occupancy of these sight and hearing—the fumes, the filth, the screeches—leave no doubt of the character of the place. Each apartment forms the abode of both men and monkeys; and it would require no great stretch of imagination in the visitor to suppose some of the inmates representa-tives of those interior African tribes who are said to pied in part, were three bedsteads, overspead with tattered and filthy quilts, whereon slept, at night, six or amriment where, among swinging cobwebs and the softy accumulations of a decade of years, was to be seen the whole apparatus of street music-managers, mankeys and organs-for the weather was unpropi monkey, which he said was worth "tree huntred tol-The ordinary price ranges from \$20 to \$50. Cose by the card-players, an aged couple, with haggird visages, were gracelessly stretched out, faces upward, over a heap of hand organs and boxes—heavily

During the interview which ensued, various infor nition was elicited. The receipts of organ-players an now small compared with former years, on account constitutions are unable to bear up under the rigors of barity of certain serfs who (it was said under some misconception of the pleasure of the Emperor him- Southern States. There are at present but few monself.) set to work to emancipate themselves. The atrocities they committed—which caused them to be seice. The cold weather has the effect to induce

Monkeys are not at all fastidious as to the nature by the performers, and are manufactured abroad .tlem out for a certain per centage of the profits. The performers are chiefly from Italy; and though, in the istance here referred to, living together in considerabe numbers, associate rather from instinct than interet. As the money-musical season will recur with the recommencement of warm weather and the consequent return of the monkeys from their Southern tour, the picuniary result is looked forward to with no ordinary

Asstrian Lloyd, the organ of the Vienna Cabinet, has London Chronicle-

From our point of view, a Tory cabinet is better than a Whig one; but our wishes must not be con-founded with our opinions. Lord Derby will fall.— all on 'em! The Conservative party in England is now taking up a position which no Conservative party in any land an hold with honor. When the privileged classes of a State are so ill advised as to make laws which only serve their own interests, to the prejudice of the res

of the people, they are lost. Only the poor and their representatives have the right to be selfish; the rich ought never to make laws for filling their own pockets. While the Tories have for their rallying cry "The constitution as it stands!" "No changes," they may conquer, but when they write upon their banners the words " Dear bread. while Whigs. Peelites, and the men of Manchester struggle ceases to be doubtful. The Tories assert, inwant and hunger to the agriculturist, and declare that the ruin of the agricultural population. To this argument of the landlords there is, however, no answer sufficiently obvious: "Lower the rent of your farms and agriculture will prosper also." The war of protection is one between the millions of cities andthe millions of the rural population, but a couple of thousand tory landlords.

Some years ago an optician of this city made a glass eye of the proper size, and filling it with distilled wa-ter, put therein a small eel. A gentleman of subtle masse, under an arrangement to which all must be wit saw the bauble, was struck with an idea, purchasparties, and who have a leader, who conducts the ed the glass eye, and departed. Shortly afterwards the business for them, and receives and divides their public were running in crowds somewhere down Park Row, to see " a horse with a living snake in his eye" -the greatest curiosity of the age, &c. &c. The dimes came plentifully to the showman's pocket, and the show went on bravely, until the optician having been led to see the sight, immediately recognised the glass eye made by himself, and inadvertently mention ed it, when the whole affair collapsed .- N. Y. Paper

> Hisses .- In Sidney Smith's "Sketches of Moral Philosophy," that somewhat celebrated individual says: A hiss is either foolish, or tremendous, or sublime.— The hissing of a pancake is absurd; the first faint hiss that arises from the extremity of the pit, on the evening of a new play, sinks the soul of the author within him, and makes him curse himself and his Thalia the hissing of a cobra di capello is sublime-it is th whisper of death

83-A Western cotemporary says in a "First Rate Notice" of a friend of his-a dentist: "The doctor pulls a tooth elegantly—the operation being attended with the most exquisite pain imaginable." CHABACTERISTIC FACT .- So'desirous is little Nap.

imitating his great uncle in every possible particular, that we understand he has recently declared his inten-tion of in future regularly wearing his coats out at

England required, and she wants no less this year, when the United States are the only source of supply. But our supplies are abundant, and increasing railroads able damage in spars and rigging, split sails, &c.

Schr. Eliza Warren, Goud, from wiseassett, to wm. M. Harriss; with hay. Experienced very bad weather, in which she lost boat, mainsail and foresail, and received considerable damage in spars and rigging, split sails, &c.

Schr. Mary Jane, Lupton, from Newbern, to A. Morgan; for the grog-shop!

It would be entirely wrong, according to the ethics of some "Statesmen," to legislate for the purpose of in the English market in ordinary years is past doubt. ain trade are deepening the channels for delivery, un-

"Thus far in 1852, our exports of wheat and corn are double those of the same months of last year, while

Of cotton, the Reporter says-"The price of cotton remains pretty firm, notwith standing that estimates for crop run as high as 2,900, 000 bales. The probability is, however, that not with standing the large receipts at present, the crop will reach no such figure. The winter all over the South has been favorable to hauling cotton to the river banks, and it now goes down freely with the rise in waters; but there is now little or nothing to go from planta tion. The chances are that the receipts will cease will give a vast sum to Southern industry."

The Lecture of Prof. Bache. A large, intelligent, and interested audience of ladies Bache, on last evening at the Armory Hall. Of the lecture we can only say that it was listened to with deenest interest by all, and fully met the highest anwas composed of a history of the Coast Survey, its origin in the mind of Jefferson and Gallatin, the difficuler and Harbor. We felt sorry when he had concluded, for he imparted to all facts of great practical utility of which many of our most intelligent citizens We trust that his lecture will be folwere ignorant. lowed with what it has clearly shown to be our wants; a remedy for the evil growing and growing upon us, and which though it may not have met with a remiss ness of action on our part, has certainly not called forth those exertions which its paramount importance demands. - Savannah Georgian, 31st ult.

A Goop Story.—The following excellent story is told of Mr Sheaf, a grocer, in Portsmouth, N. H .: It appears that a man had purchased some wool of which had been weighed and paid for and Mr. Sheaf had gone to the desk to get change for a note. Happening to turn his head while there, he saw in glass, which swung so as to reflect the shop, a stout arm reach up and take from the shelf a heavy white oak cheese. Instead of appearing suddenly, and rebuking the man for his theft, as another would, thereby losing his custom forever, the crafty old gentleman gave the thief his change as if nothing had happened, and then, under the pretence of lifting the bag to lay it on his horse for him, took hold of it-he exclaimed "Why, bless me, I must have reckoned the weight

"Oh, no." said the other, "you may be sure you they are obliged to have not, for I counted with you. "Well, well, we wont dispute the matter, it is so easily tried," said Mr. S., putting the bag into the scales again. "There," said he, "I told you so-I knew I was right-made a mistake of nearly 20 lbs.

"No, no!" said the other, staying the hands of Mr. S., on their way to the strings of the bag. guess I will take the whole." And this he did, paying for dishonesty by receive

A YANKEE ON FINE ARTS .- We give the "Britshers' a hit, now and then, when they come over here from the "other side," with their pompous airs and their querulous comments; but now and then "they of the adverse faction" touch us a little on the raw. "Par examp:" we couldn't deny that this mer figure. The Western was sold at 73 cents, sacks including the country of the raw." was not a veritable fact, when we heard it mention- | ded. ed as such by an English gentleman the other evening. "One of my fellow passengers," he said, "last autumn, in the 'Atlantic,' was a genuine specimen of the true Yankee. He had visited England for the Georgia Turpentine at \$3 25 per 280 lbs.; 500 Wilmington, sake of seeing the 'World's Fair,' and of nothing on private terms; 900 Wilmington Common Rosin, \$1 25 in else could he, or at least did he, speak. After dinarr, one day, the conversation turned upon works of Atstrian Lloyd, the organ of the Vienna Cabinet, has

> ting opposite to me. "Wal, there's Kano-vee, Roobins, a-a-and He-ilots No. 2, 1 50 a \$1 75 and No. 1, 2 a \$5 25 per 200 min Pe-o-w'rs! And Hiram's the most surprisin' o' and 150 bbls. tar, selected, 2 a \$2 12\frac{1}{2} the lots as wanted for consumption. Rice.—The transactions are steady, without all on 'em! Jest look at his 'Greek-slave' gal—be-consumption. Rice.—The transactions are steady, without variation in prices. The sales of the week amount to about variation in prices. The sales of the week amount to about -had her raised where cotting was so scarse!

"Long May IT WAVE!"-General Wayne announced to General Washington the victory of Stoney Point thus laconically: "STONEY POINT, 2 o'clock, A. M.,) July 16, 1779.

" Dear General :- The American flag waves here ANTHONY WAYNE." Yours truly, A sailor, looking serious in a certain chapel in Bos

on, was asked by the clergyman if he felt any change, whereupon the tar put his hand into his pocket, and replied, "I have not a cent." PROFESSOR.—This is one of the most latitudinous words in the language. It appears to everything hu-

chap from Yankeedom named Gardner, who is now at Madison, Ind., peddling soap. "Professor of Soap!" P. S. no longer stands for postscript.—Cin. Enquirer It is said that a Russian wife feels very seriously aggrieved if her husband neglects to beat her at least once a day, fancying he is growing indifferent if the

" Success to the Maine law and the whig party who will conquer or fall on this issue!" So says the Wind-ham, Con., Telegraph, which published Mr. Dow's cider letter. It is reported that Mr. Dow and his party have agents in Connecticut electioneering for the Maine law and whiggery.

A woman at Liege has just been confined of three children, making twenty-four in nine years, having had three at every accouchment. The husband, who was anxious to perpetuate his name, is much disappointed at all his children being girls.

FOR MECHANICAL PURPOSES -A man in Maine apolied for two gallons of rum for "mechanical purpo es." "For what mechanical purposes," asked the agent. " For raising a barn," was the reply. SUICIDE .- It is rumored that Mr. Blaney William

Sampson County, committed suicide on Wednesday

night last (31st ult.,) by hanging himself. It is conectured that the act was done during a fit of insainty, to which the deceased had formerly been subject.

North Carolinian, 3d inst. CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned having bought the Carriage Factory formerly carried on by N. S. NEALE, on the corner of Princess and Third Streets, opposite the Livery Stables of H R. Nixon, Esq., respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to execute all work in the above line, in the most fashionable, substantial and neat style.

He is also prepared to Shoe Horses, in a manner that will give satisfaction. He is also prepared to execute all Smith twork connected with riding vehicles: also, to repair Drays, Carts and Waggons of every description.

He has now been carrying on the above business for several months, in Wilmington, and believes that he has giver 23-One of the very worst conundrums we ever heard, was asked the other day at a small dinner party. It was as follows: Why are the Arabe like a train of thought? Give it up? Because they are ratiocination (racy-horsy-nation.) The propounder's life was spared. Philadelphia Bizarre. Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA. ARRIVED.

April 1 - Schr. Benjamin Harrison, Bond, from Washington, N. C., to J. R. Blossom; with staves and shingles.

Schr. Palestine, Willis, from Hyde county, to DeRosset & Brown; with corn.

Schr. Midgett, Rollins, from Hyde county, with corn, to

Schr. Edward Stanly, Spencer, from Hyde coupt, to J. Blossom; with corn.
Schr. Champion, Davis, from Swansboro', N. C., with orn, to master. Steamer Gov. Graham, Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T. C.

Worth.
Schr. Samuel Hyman, Murphy, fm Hyde county, to J. R. Slossom; with corn.
Schr. Eliza Warren, Goud, from Wiseassett, to Wm. M.

with staves.
Steamer Chatham, Stedman, from Fayetteville, to T. C. Worth.

Worth.

April 2—Schr Martha, Teal, from Philadelphia, to Geo.
Iarriss; with mdze.

Schr. Mary Louisa, Adams, from New York, to George Harriss: with hav and brick.

W. M. Harriss; with hay and brick.

Brig Edward Lind, Buckman, from New York, in ballast, to DeRosset & Brown DeRosset & Brown. Schr. J. H. Flanner, Van Gilder, 60 hours from N. York, o Geo. Harriss. Schr. Dacotah, Mankin, from Washington, N. C., with mdze. to Freeman & Houston.
March 3 -U. S. Mail Steamer C. Vanderbilt, Sterett, from Charleston; with 60 passengers. March 3 - U. S. Mail Steamer C. vanderbit, Sterett, from Charleston; with 60 passengers.

April 4.-U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Bates, from Charleston; with 37 passengers.

Brig Ellen Hayden. Smith, from Matanzas, to J. Hathaway & Son; with melasses.

ay & Son; with molasses Schr. Ira Brewster, Horton, from New York, to M. Cosearly in the season, and that the crop, at 2,700,000 tin; with mdze.

Schr. Dixon Swindell, Douglass, from Hyde county, to J.

R. Blossom: with corn. R. Blossom; with corn.
Schr. Wm. H. Howard, Gaskill, from Hyde county, to
Miles Costin; with corn.
5.—U. S. Mail Steamer Gladiator, Smith, from Charles-

5.—U. S. Mail Steamer Gladiator, Smith, from Charleston; with 32 passengers.
Schr. Rosannah Rose, Coombs, from Camden. Me., to Wm. M. Harriss; with lime for J. & D. McRae & Co. Schr. Sarah Buck, Rose, from Camden, Me., to Wm. M. Harriss; with lime for J. & D. McRae & Co. Schr. Henry F. Baker, McLaughlin, from — to George Harriss.
Steamer Brothers, Banks, from Fayetteville, to J. Banks

CLEARED.

Mail Steamer Wilmington, Bates, for Charleston,

U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, with 38 passengers.
Steamer Rowan, McRae, for Fayetteville, by E. J. LutSteamer Rowan, McRae, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lut-Steamer Rowan, McRae, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lut-erloh; with boat Odd Fellow in tow. 2.—Schr. Topaz, Stanly, for Juniper Bay, by M. Costin. Schr. Margaret Ann Howard, Wahab, for Middleton, by DeRosset & Brown. Schr. Ærial, Austin, for Baltimore, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 82,000 ft. lumber. Schr. Fannie Mitchell, Parker, for Grenada, by J. & D. McRae & Co. Schr. Valant, Watson, for Jacksonville, N. C., by Miles

Schr. Valant, Watson, for Jacksonville, N. C., by Miles Costin
Steamer Henrietta, Wilkinson, for Fayetteville, by A. D. Cazaux; with boat Lady of the Lake in tow.
Sloop Pine, Robeson, for Washington, N. C., by A. H. Van Bokkelen; with molasses, salt and pen nuts.
Barque Prospect, Snow, for New Orleans, by Adams, Bro. & Co.; with naval stores.
3.—Schr. Wake, Briggs, for New York, by Geo. Harriss; with 1,500 bbls. turpentine. 572 do. rosin, 86 do. spirits turpentine, 109 bales cotton, 54 do. yarn, 42 do. sheeting, 10 casks flax seed, 1 hhd. wax, 2 boxes mdze, 75 bags flax seed, 210 bushels nea nuts.

210 bushels pea nuts.
Schr James Otis, Bruce, for Portsmouth, Va., by J. & D.
McRae, & Co.; with 768 bbls. turpentine.
U. S. Mail Steamer Gladiator, Smith, for Charleston;

with 32 passengers. Schr. W. H. Smith, Harmon, for New York, by DeRosse & Brown.
April 3.—Schr. Henrietta, Haynes, for Boston, by Ellis, Russell & Co.; with 65,000 feet lumber.
Schr. Richmond, Card, for Laguyra, by Ellis, Russell & Co.; with 30,000 feet lumber and 50 bbls. tar.
April 4.—U. S. Mail Steamer C. Vanderbilt, Sterett, for Charleston; with 62 passengers.
5.—U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Bates, for Charles-

5.—C. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Bates, for Charleston; with 48 passengers.

Sohr H. K. Danton, Dunton, Gor New York, by Gov. Harriss; with 85,000 feet plained flooring boards.

Steamer Brothers, Banks, for Fayetteville, by J. Banks & Bro.; with boat Jas. Cassiday in tow, with mdze.

Schr. Elizabeth, Trout, for Charleston, S. C., by Wm. M. Harriss, with 22 000 feet lumber, and 75 bbls, naval stores.

CHARLESTON, April 2.—Cotton.— The sales yesterday amounted to 2400 bales, prices more settled and regular than previously; extremes ranging from 64 a 84 ets., the bulk of the sales of near 1700 bales at 7% a 8 ets., and about 400 bales

the sales of near 1700 bales at S₄ a S₄ ets.

Corn.—The receipts of Corn since our last may be put down as follows, viz: 3000 bushels Maryland, 15,000 do. N.

Carolina, and upwards of 2000 sacks Western. The two former sold at prices within the range of present quotations, viz. 65 a 70 cents, none, however, selling as low as the former sold at prices.

NEW YORK, March 31 .- Naval Stores .- There is no Turpentine in market; Spirits Turpentine sells moderately; Rosin and Tar are dull; and Pitch commands \$1 62\frac{1}{2} a 1 75 per bbl. We note sales of 1336 bbls. North County and

NEW YORK, April 3 .- Naval Stores-There have been argarticle on Derby's accession to office, and his probable course with respect to the corn laws. We quote from this article through the correspondence of the "Name them," quietly said an old gentleman, sitor opposite to me.

Wal, there's Kano-vee, Roobins, a-a-and He-i-lots No. 2, 1 50 a \$1 75 and No. 1, 2 a \$3 25 per 280 lbs.; 1400 tierces at \$3 184 a \$3 50. Prime descriptions contin

BOSTON, March 31 .- Naval Stores-Spirits Turpenting continues scarce and prices have advanced to 45e per gallon, each, at which several lots have been taken to arrive and on the spot In Tar there have been sales of 600 bbls. Wilmington, to arrive, at \$2 12½ a \$2 25 per bbl., cash and 6 mos. In common Rosin there have been sales of 500 bbls. at \$1 48 a \$1 50 per bbl., 6 mos.

Removed to Mulberry Street, between Front and North Water Streets.

THE subscriber continues to keep on hand a large and general assortment of CARRIAGES of

manufacture, which he offers for sale on the mos easonable terms ; among which may be found Rockaways. Barouches, Dunhams, Buggles, Wagons, Gigs, Sulkeys, &c. Also, Harness of all kinds.
Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examne before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined not to

N. B. Repairing done at short notice, and in the neat-est and best wanner. ISAAC WELLS. Wilmington, N. C., July 4, 1851

WATCHES AND JEWELRY. JAMES S. IVES is now prepared to repair WATCH-ES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY of all descriptions, at his stand on Market Street, under the Carolina Ho-

at his stand on Market Street, under the Carolina Hotel. Having served the regular apprenticeship under the best workmen, and being determined to spare no pains to please, he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who place work in his hands.

He has just received and WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND, Gold Levers, of M. J. Tobias & Co., Cooper, Johnson, Robinson, Harrison, Samuel, and other makers; Gold Anchor Levers, Gold and enamelled dials, Gold Duplex Levine and Vertical Watches, Silver, Levers and Levers, and Levers and Lever olex, Lepine and Vertical Watches, Silver Levers and Le-pines,—New England Clocks and Time Pieces, Ladies Gold Chains, Gold Guard, Vest and Fob Chains, Seal and Keys, Lockets, Bracelet Clasps, Gold Ear Rings and Pins in sets, Topaz and other stone Bracelets, and all Gold, do. do. Em-erald Sapphire, Garnet Pearl, Ensunelled and Gold Breast Pins, do. do. do. Finger Rings, Gold Pencil Cases, Gold and Silver Thimbles and Shields, Gold Studs, Sleeve Buttons, &c. Also silver tea and table Spoons, and a variety of plated

SPECTACLES:-Gold, Silver, Steel, and German Silver

SPECTACLES:—Gold, Silver, Steel, and German Silver
Spectacles with Perif-cal Glasses, a new and superior article
to suit all eyes. I also have Pistols of all kinds for sale, including a new style of patent pocket Revolver. And a fine
assortment of extracts for the toilet.

LECOULTER RAZORS, a new and splendid article.—
All of which will be sold at as low prices as can be bought
in North Carolina, or New York.

Wilmington, Oct. 23d, 1851

40-1d—7-tf

I IQUORS AND WINES.—20 bbls. superior Monongathela Whiskey; 18 do. N. E. Rum; 15 do. Apple Brandy; 10 do. Domestic Gin; 10 t., t. tensks old French Brandy; 5 t casks old Madeira and Port Wine. For sale cheap, by.

M. McINNIS.

SOAP AND CANDLES. -20 coxes each. For sale by M. McINNIS. WHITE WHISKEY.—20 bbls. in store; 40 do. to arrive, and for sale cheap, by M. McINNIS.

Lump. Also, Calcined Plaster, Plastering Hair, Fire Brick, and Hydraulic Cement; 1,000 bbls. Lime, &c. For sale by

J. C. & R. B. WOOD,

J. D. & R. B. WOOD,

J. C. & R. B. WOOD, Contractors and Builders. PLOUGHS! PLOUGHS!!-30 No. 10; 30 No. 111. For SUPERIOR GRINDSTONES AND FIXTURES.-Fol Wilmington, N C., Oct. 3, 1851

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